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# 401(k) Plan Asset Allocation, Account Balances, and Loan Activity in 2014

By Jack VanDerhei, EBRI; Sarah Holden, ICI; Luis Alonso, EBRI; and Steven Bass, ICI

#### AT A GLANCE

- Since 1996 the Employee Benefit Research Institute (EBRI) and the Investment Company Institute (ICI) have worked together on collecting and analyzing annual data on millions of 401(k) plan participants' accounts. This report reflects the year-end 2014 update of these data and EBRI's and ICI's ongoing research into 401(k) plan participants' activity.
- The bulk of 401(k) assets were invested in stocks. On average, at year-end 2014, 66 percent of 401(k) participants' assets were invested in equity securities through equity funds, the equity portion of balanced funds, and company stock. Twenty-seven percent was in fixed-income securities such as stable-value investments, bond funds, and money funds.
- More 401(k) plan participants held equities at year-end 2014 than before the financial market crisis (year-end 2007), and most had the majority of their accounts invested in equities. For example, about three-quarters of participants in their 20s had more than 80 percent of their 401(k) plan accounts invested in equities at year-end 2014, up from less than half of participants in their 20s at year-end 2007. Overall, more than 90 percent of 401(k) participants had at least some investment in equities at year-end 2014.
- More than 70 percent of 401(k) plans included target-date funds in their investment lineup at year-end 2014. At year-end 2014, 18 percent of the assets in the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database were invested in target-date funds and 48 percent of 401(k) participants in the database held target-date funds. Also known as lifecycle funds, these funds are designed to offer a diversified portfolio that automatically rebalances to be more focused on income over time.
- A majority of new or recent hires invested their 401(k) assets in balanced funds, including target-date funds. For example, at year-end 2014, two-thirds of recently hired participants held balanced funds in their 401(k) plan accounts. Balanced funds comprised 42 percent of the account balances of recently hired 401(k) plan participants at year-end 2014. A significant subset of that balanced fund category is invested in target-date funds. At year-end 2014, 35 percent of the account balances of recently hired participants were invested in target-date funds.
- 401(k) participants' investments in company stock continued at historically low levels. Only 7 percent of 401(k) assets were invested in company stock at year-end 2014, the same share as in 2012 and 2013. This share has fallen by 63 percent since 1999 when company stock accounted for 19 percent of assets. Recently hired 401(k) participants contributed to this trend: they tended to be less likely to hold company stock. At year-end 2014, less than 30 percent of recently hired 401(k) plan participants in plans offering company stock held company stock, compared with about 44 percent of all 401(k) participants.

- 401(k) participants were less slightly likely to have loans outstanding at year-end 2014 than at year-end 2013. At year-end 2014, 20 percent of all 401(k) participants who were eligible for loans had loans outstanding against their 401(k) plan accounts, down from 21 percent at year-end 2013, although up from 18 percent at year-end 2008. Loans outstanding amounted to 11 percent of the remaining account balance, on average, at year-end 2014, down 1 percentage point from year-end 2013. Nevertheless, loan amounts edged up a bit in 2014.
- The year-end 2014 average 401(k) plan account balance in the database was 5.4 percent higher than the year before, but may not accurately reflect the experience of typical 401(k) participants in 2014. To understand changes in 401(k) plan participants' average account balances, it is important to analyze a sample of consistent participants. As with previous EBRI/ICI updates, analysis of a sample of consistent 401(k) plan participants is expected to be published later this year. The average account balance tends to increase with participant age and tenure.
- The average 401(k) plan account balance tends to increase with participant age and tenure. For example, at year-end 2014, participants in their 30s with more than two to five years of tenure had an average 401(k) plan account balance of close to \$25,000, compared with an average 401(k) plan account balance of nearly \$275,000 among participants in their 60s with more than 30 years of tenure.

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This paper is an annual update to ICI and EBRI's ongoing research into 401(k) plan participants' activity. The previous update was "401(k) Plan Asset Allocation, Account Balances, and Loan Activity in 2013," published in December 2014.

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# 401(k) Plan Asset Allocation, Account Balances, and Loan Activity in 2014

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#### Introduction

Over the past three decades, 401(k) plans have become the most widespread private-sector employer-sponsored retirement plan in the United States. In 2014, an estimated 55 million American workers were active 401(k) plan participants. By year-end 2014, 401(k) plan assets had grown to \$4.6 trillion, representing 19 percent of all retirement assets. In an ongoing collaborative effort, the Employee Benefit Research Institute (EBRI) and the Investment Company Institute (ICI) collect annual data on millions of 401(k) plan participants as a means to examine how these participants manage their 401(k) accounts. This report is an update of EBRI and ICI's ongoing research into 401(k) plan participants' activity through year-end 2014. The report is divided into four sections: the first describes the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database; the second presents a snapshot of participant account balances at year-end 2014; the third looks at participants' asset allocations, including analysis of 401(k) plan participants' use of target date, or lifecycle, funds; and the fourth focuses on participants' 401(k) loan activity.

#### About the EBRI/ICI Database

The EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project is the largest, most representative repository of information about individual 401(k) plan participant accounts. As of December 31, 2014, the EBRI/ICI database included statistical information about:

- 24.9 million 401(k) plan participants, in
- 81,139 employer-sponsored 401(k) plans, holding
- \$1.9 trillion in assets.

The 2014 EBRI/ICI database covers 45 percent of the universe of 401(k) plan participants, 15 percent of plans, and 42 percent of 401(k) plan assets. The EBRI/ICI project is unique because it includes data provided by a wide variety of plan recordkeepers and, therefore, represents the activity of participants in 401(k) plans of varying sizes—from very large corporations to small businesses—with a variety of investment options.

### EBRI/ICI 401(k) Database

#### Sources and Types of Data

Several recordkeeping organizations provided records on active participants in 401(k) plans at year-end 2014. These plan recordkeepers include mutual fund companies, banks, insurance companies, and consulting firms. Although the EBRI/ICI project has collected data from 1996 through 2014, the universe of data providers may vary from year to year. In addition, the plans with any given provider may change from year to year, thus changing the plans provided by the provider. Thus, aggregate figures in this report generally should not be used to estimate time trends. Records were encrypted before inclusion in the database to conceal the identity of employers and employees, but were coded so that both could be tracked by researchers over multiple years. Data provided for each participant included date of birth, from which an age group is assigned; date of hire, from which a tenure range is assigned; outstanding loan balance; funds in the participant's investment portfolios; and asset values attributed to those funds. An account balance for each participant is the sum of the participant's assets in all funds. Plan balances are constructed as the sum of all participant balances in the plan. Plan size is estimated as the sum of active participants in the plan and, as such, does not necessarily represent the total number of employees at the sponsoring firm. Within the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI

database, it is possible to link individuals across plans across a majority of the recordkeepers. This improves the identification of active participants and resulted in the reclassification of 1.2 million participant accounts that were multiple accounts owned by single individuals. This procedure allows EBRI and ICI to begin to consolidate account balances for individuals across data providers to provide a more accurate estimate of average account balances per individual.

#### **Investment Options**

Investment options are grouped into eight broad categories. <sup>10</sup> **Equity funds** consist of pooled investments primarily invested in stocks, including equity mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and other pooled investments. Similarly, **bond funds** are any pooled account primarily invested in bonds. **Balanced funds** are pooled accounts invested in both stocks and bonds. They are classified into two subcategories: target-date funds and non–target-date balanced funds. A target-date fund pursues a long-term investment strategy, using a mix of asset classes, or asset allocation, that the fund provider adjusts to become less focused on growth and more focused on income over time. <sup>11</sup> Non–target-date balanced funds include asset allocation or hybrid funds, in addition to lifestyle funds. <sup>12</sup> **Company stock** is equity in the plan's sponsor (the employer). **Money funds** consist of those funds designed to maintain a stable share price. **Stable-value products**, such as guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) <sup>13</sup> and other stable-value funds, <sup>14</sup> are reported as one category. The **other** category is the residual for other investments, such as real estate funds. The final category, **unknown**, consists of assets that could not be identified. <sup>15</sup>

#### Distribution of Plans, Participants, and Assets by Plan Size

The 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database contains information on 81,139 401(k) plans with \$1.9 trillion in assets and 24.9 million participants (Figure 1). As in the 401(k) universe at large, most of the plans in the database are small: 55 percent of the plans have 25 or fewer participants, and 25 percent have 26 to 100 participants (Figure 2). In contrast, only 2 percent of the plans have more than 2,500 participants. However, participants and assets are concentrated in large plans. For example, 66 percent of participants are in plans with more than 2,500 participants, and these same plans account for 68 percent of all plan assets. Because most of the plans have a small number of participants, the asset size for many plans is modest. Twenty-three percent of the plans have assets of \$250,000 or less, and another 26 percent have plan assets between \$250,001 and \$1,250,000 (Figure 3).

#### Relationship of EBRI/ICI 401(k) Database Plans to the Universe of All 401(k) Plans

The 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database is a representative sample of the estimated universe of 401(k) plans. At year-end 2014, all 401(k) plans held a total of \$4.6 trillion in assets, and the database represents about 42 percent of that total. The database also covers 45 percent of the universe of active 401(k) plan participants and 15 percent of all 401(k) plans. The distribution of assets, participants, and plans in the database for 2014 is similar to the universe of plans as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor (Figure 4). The database for 2014 is similar to the universe of plans as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor (Figure 4).

### Age and Tenure of 401(k) Plan Participants

The database includes 401(k) participants across a wide range of age and tenure groups. At year-end 2014, 50 percent of participants were in their 30s or 40s, while 13 percent of participants were in their 20s, 26 percent were in their 50s, and 11 percent were in their 60s (Figure 5, upper panel). The median age of the participants in the 2014 database is 46 years, the same as in 2013. Because older participants tend to have larger account balances, assets in the database are more concentrated among the older 401(k) participant groups. At year-end 2014, 61 percent of 401(k) plan assets were held by participants in their 50s or 60s, while 12 percent of 401(k) plan assets were held by participants in their 20s or 30s (Figure 5, lower panel). Participants in 401(k) plans represent a wide range of job tenure experiences. In 2014, 36 percent of the participants in the database had five or fewer years of tenure and 5 percent had more than 30 years of tenure (Figure 6). The median tenure at the current employer was eight years in 2014, the same as in 2013.

		Figure 1		
401(k) Pla	n Character	istics, by Numbe	er of Plan Participa	nts, 2014
Number of Plan Participants	Total Plans	Total Participants	Total Assets*	Average Account Balance
1–10	27,279	132,408	\$11,171,652,271	\$84,373
11–25	17,141	288,799	\$24,725,359,046	\$85,614
26–50	11,492	415,747	\$33,397,801,963	\$80,332
51–100	8,519	607,592	\$46,280,220,276	\$76,170
101–250	7,167	1,139,574	\$80,840,573,404	\$70,939
251–500	3,594	1,264,446	\$83,070,891,772	\$65,697
501-1000	2,398	1,685,045	\$114,790,177,964	\$68,123
1,001–2,500	1,927	2,991,775	\$215,287,176,504	\$71,960
2,501-5,000	819	2,889,088	\$209,620,531,864	\$72,556
5,001–10,000	449	3,129,565	\$245,849,461,086	\$78,557
> 10,000	354	10,356,566	\$834,699,478,889	\$80,596
All	81,139	24,900,605	\$1,899,733,325,039	\$76,293

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: The median account balance at year-end 2014 was \$18,127.

Figure 2 Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Participants, and Assets Percentage of plans, participants, and assets by number of plan participants, 2014 1.9% Number of Plan 4.1% 4.2% Participants □1–25 **26–100** 26.0% 28.4% 54.7% □101–2,500 **■2,501–10,000 ■**>10,000 24.0% 24.2% 24.7% 43.9% 41.6% 18.6% 1.6% 0.4% ~ Plans Participants Assets Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

		Figure 3		
40	1(k) Plan C	haracteristics, b	y Plan Assets, 201	4
Total Plan Assets	Total Plans	Total Participants	Total Assets*	Average Account Balance
\$0-\$250,000	18,399	116,711	\$1,534,276,626	\$13,146
>\$250,000-\$625,000	10,480	143,180	\$4,422,335,725	\$30,887
>\$625,000-\$1,250,000	10,924	242,777	\$9,959,130,062	\$41,022
>\$1,250,000-\$2,500,000	11,453	411,858	\$20,584,627,522	\$49,980
>\$2,500,000-\$6,250,000	12,621	953,000	\$50,158,573,133	\$52,632
>\$6,250,000-\$12,500,000	6,404	1,049,977	\$56,380,317,505	\$53,697
>\$12,500,000-\$25,000,000	4,092	1,338,232	\$72,019,876,899	\$53,817
>\$25,000,000-\$62,500,000	3,254	2,305,842	\$126,389,408,870	\$54,813
>\$62,500,000-\$125,000,000	1,445	2,151,643	\$127,522,262,571	\$59,267
>\$125,000,000-\$250,000,000	953	2,540,351	\$167,894,805,975	\$66,091
>\$250,000,000	1,114	13,647,034	\$1,262,867,710,150	\$92,538
All	81,139	24,900,605	1,899,733,325,039	\$76,293

Note: The median account balance at year-end 2014 was \$18,127.

\* Assets do not add to the total because of rounding.

Assets do not add to the total because of rounding.



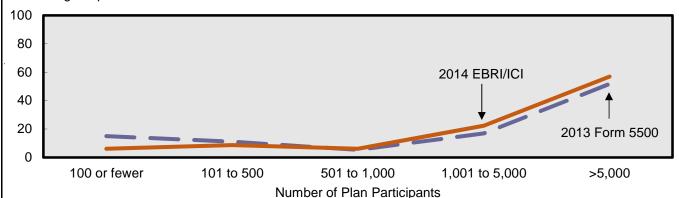
## EBRI/ICI 401(k) Database Represents a Wide Cross Section of the 401(k) Universe

401(k) plan characteristics by number of participants:

EBRI/ICI 401(k) database in 2014 versus 2013 DOL Form 5500 for all 401(k) plans

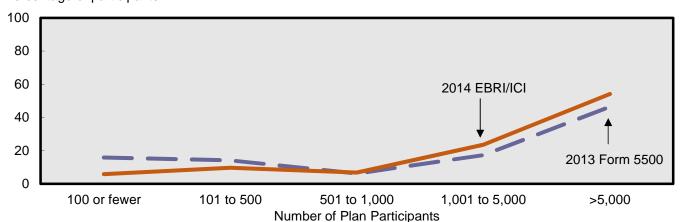
#### **Plan Assets**

Percentage of plan assets



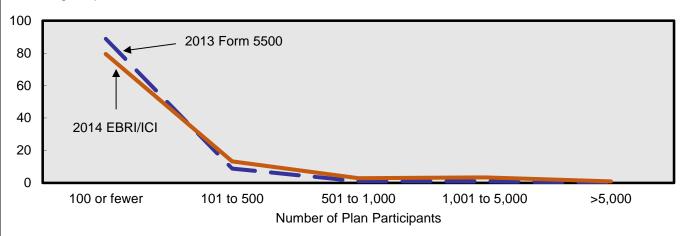
#### **Participants**

Percentage of participants

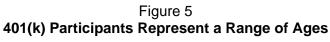


#### Plans

Percentage of plans



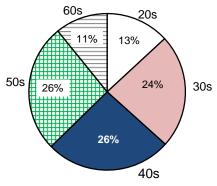
Sources: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project and U.S. Department of Labor.



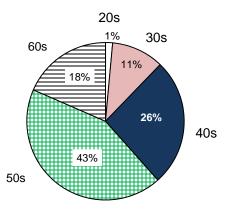
Percentage of active 401(k) plan participants and 401(k) plan assets, by participant age, 2014



(Median Age: 46 Years)





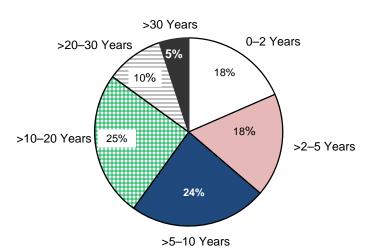


Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project. Note: Components do not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

# Figure 6

401(k) Participants Represent a Range of Job Tenures Percentage of active 401(k) plan participants, by years of tenure, 2014





Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

### About Changes in Account Balances

When analyzing the change in participant account balances over time, it is important to have a consistent sample. Comparing average account balances across different year-end snapshots can lead to false conclusions. For example, the addition of a large number of new plans with smaller balances to the database would tend to pull down the average account balance. This could then be mistakenly described as an indication that balances are declining, but actually would tell us nothing about consistently participating workers. Similarly, the aggregate average account balance would tend to be pulled down if a large number of older participants retired. In addition, changes in the sample of recordkeepers and changes in the set of plans for which they keep records also can influence the change in aggregate average account balance. Thus, to ascertain what is happening to 401(k) participants' account balances, a set of consistent participants must be analyzed. Future research will examine linked data to analyze the consistent sample of participants in the EBRI/ICI data collection effort.

#### Year-End 2014 Snapshot of 401(k) Participants' Account Balances

#### Factors That Affect 401(k) Participants' Account Balances

In any given year, the change in a participant's account balance in the database is the sum of three factors:

- New contributions by the participant, the employer, or both;
- Total investment return on account balances, which depends on the performance of financial markets and on the allocation of assets in an individual's account; and
- · Withdrawals, borrowing, and loan repayments.

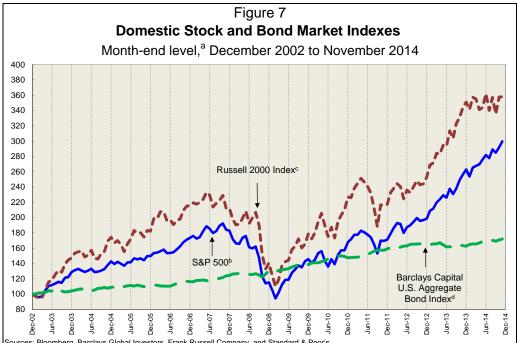
The change in any individual participant's account balance in the database is influenced by the magnitude of these three factors relative to the starting account balance. For example, a contribution of a given dollar amount produces a larger growth rate when added to a smaller account. On the other hand, investment returns of a given percentage produce larger dollar increases (or decreases) when compounded on a larger asset base. Asset allocation also influences investment returns and changes in assets. For example, stocks (as measured by the S&P 500 total return index) increased 13.7 percent during 2014, while bonds (as measured by the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index) increased 6.0 percent (Figures 7 and 8).

#### **Definition of 401(k) Plan Account Balance**

As a cross section, or snapshot, of the entire population of 401(k) plan participants, the database includes 401(k) participants who are young and those who are new to their jobs, as well as older participants and those who have been with their current employers for many years. These annual updates of the database provide snapshots of 401(k) plan account balances, asset allocation, and loan activity across wide cross sections of participants. However, the cross-sectional analysis is not well suited to addressing the question of the impact of participation in 401(k) plans over time. Cross sections change in composition over time because the selection of data providers and sample of plans using a given provider vary from year to year and because 401(k) participants join or leave plans. In addition, the database contains only the account balances held in the 401(k) plans at participants' current employers. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into individual retirement accounts (IRAs) are not included in the analysis. Furthermore, account balances are net of unpaid loan balances. Because of all these factors, it is not correct to presume that the change in the average or median account balance for the database as a whole reflects the experience of "typical" 401(k) plan participants.

#### Size of 401(k) Plan Account Balances

At year-end 2014, the average account balance was \$76,293 and the median account balance was \$18,127 (Figure 9), but balances varied widely. For example, about three-quarters of the participants in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database



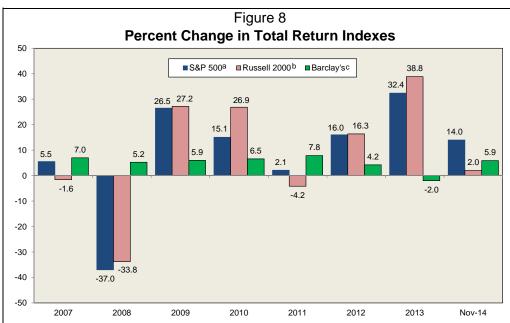
ources: Bloomberg, Barclays Global Investors, Frank Russell Company, and St

All indexes are set to 100 in December 2002.

The S&P 500 is an index of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation.

The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest U.S. companies (based on total market capitalization) included in the Russell

Formerly the Lehman Brothers U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is composed of securities covering government and corporate bonds, mortgage-backed securities, and asset-backed securities (rebalanced monthly by market capitalization). The index's total return consists of price appreciation/depreciation plus income as a percentage of the original investment.

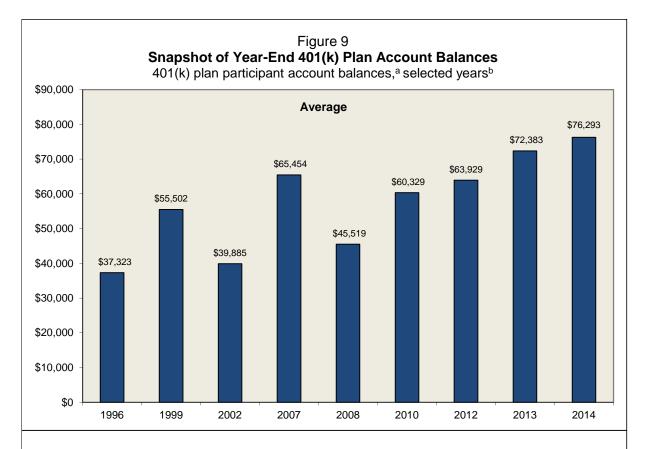


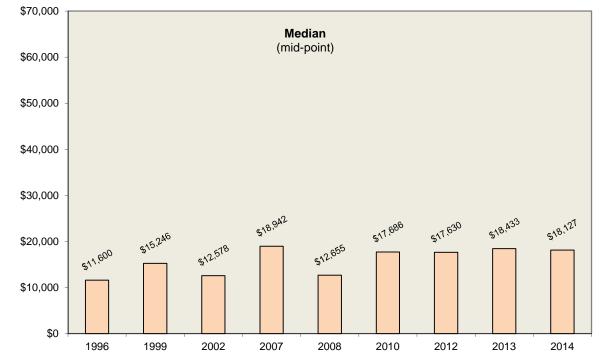
Sources: Bloomberg, Barclays Global Investors, Frank Russell Company, and Standard & Poor's.

The S&P 500 is an index of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation.

The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest U.S. companies (based on total market capitalization) included in the Russell 3000 Index (which tracks the 3,000 largest U.S. companies).

<sup>c</sup> Formerly the Lehman Brothers U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is composed of securities covering government and corporate bonds, mortgage-backed securities, and asset-backed securities (rebalanced monthly by market capitalization). The index's total return consists of price appreciation/depreciation plus income as a percentage of the original investment.





Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included.

<sup>b</sup> The sample of participants changes over time.

had account balances that were lower than \$76,293, the size of the average account balance. In fact, 39.9 percent of participants had account balances of less than \$10,000, while 20.2 percent of participants had account balances greater than \$100,000 (Figure 10). The variation in account balances partly reflects the effects of participant age, tenure, salary, contribution behavior, rollovers from other plans, asset allocation, withdrawals, loan activity, and employer contribution rates. This research report examines the relationship between account balances and participants' age, tenure, and salary.

#### Relationship of Age and Tenure to Account Balances

Age and account balance are positively correlated among participants covered by the 2014 database. <sup>23</sup> Examination of the age composition of account balances finds that 53 percent of participants with account balances of less than \$10,000 were in their 20s or 30s (Figure 11). Similarly, 60 percent of participants with account balances greater than \$100,000 were in their 50s or 60s. The positive correlation between age and account balance is expected because younger workers are likely to have lower incomes and to have had less time to accumulate a balance with their current employer. In addition, they are less likely to have rollovers from a previous employer's plan in their current plan accounts.

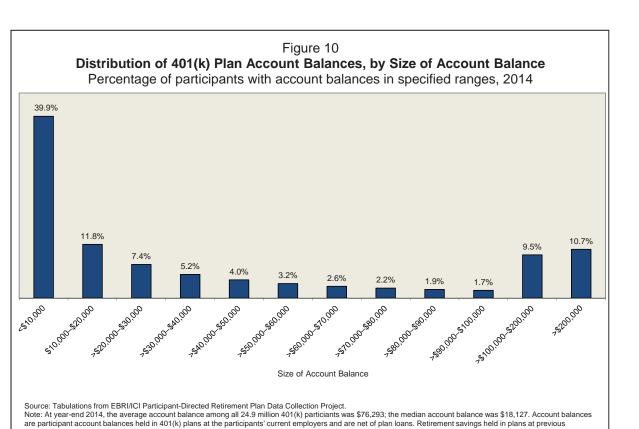
Account balance and tenure are also positively correlated among participants in the 2014 database. A participant's tenure with an employer serves as a proxy for the length of time a worker has participated in the 401(k) plan.<sup>24</sup> Indeed, 61 percent of participants with account balances of less than \$10,000 had five or fewer years of tenure, while 73 percent of participants with account balances greater than \$100,000 had more than 10 years of tenure (Figure 12). 25 Examining the interaction of both age and tenure with account balances reveals that, for a given age group, average account balances tend to increase with tenure. For example, the average account balance of participants in their 60s with up to two years of tenure was \$34,673, compared with \$274,043 for participants in their 60s with more than 30 years of tenure (Figure 13). <sup>26</sup> Similarly, the average account balance of participants in their 40s with up to two years of tenure was \$19,697, compared with \$159,118 for participants in their 40s with more than 20 years of tenure. The distribution of account balances underscores the effects of age and tenure on account balances. In a given age group, shorter tenure tends to mean that a higher percentage of participants will have account balances of less than \$10,000. For example, 87 percent of participants in their 20s with two or fewer years of tenure had account balances of less than \$10,000 in 2014, compared with 53 percent of participants in their 20s with between five and 10 years of tenure (Figure 14). Older workers display a similar pattern. For example, 61 percent of participants in their 60s with two or fewer years of tenure had account balances of less than \$10,000. In contrast, less than one-fifth of those in their 60s with more than 20 years of tenure had account balances of less than \$10,000.27

In a given age group, longer tenure tends to mean that a higher percentage of participants will have account balances greater than \$100,000. For example, 20 percent of participants in their 60s with five to 10 years of tenure had account balances in excess of \$100,000 in 2014 (Figure 15). However, 46 percent of participants in their 60s with between 20 and 30 years of tenure with their current employer had account balances greater than \$100,000. The percentage increases to 55 percent for participants in their 60s with more than 30 years of tenure.

#### **Relationship Between Account Balances and Salary**

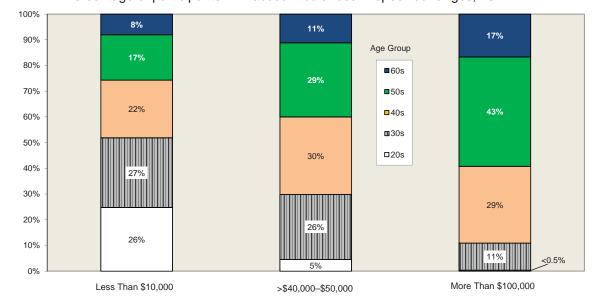
Participants' account balances vary not only with age and tenure, but also with salary. Figure 16 reports the account balances of longer-tenured participants at their current employers' 401(k) plans. Retirement savings held at previous employers or amounts rolled over to IRAs are not included in the analysis. To capture as long a savings history as possible, only longer-tenured participants are included in this analysis. However, it is important to note that the tenure variable indicates the time that individuals have been with their current employers and may not reflect the length of time they have participated in a 401(k) plan. One reason that job tenure may not reflect length of participation in the 401(k) plan, particularly among older participants, is that the proposed regulations for 401(k) plans were not introduced until 1981.<sup>28</sup>

Older, longer-tenured, and higher-income participants tend to have larger account balances, which are important for meeting their income-replacement needs in retirement.<sup>29</sup> For longer-tenured participants in their 20s with salaries





employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. Components may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

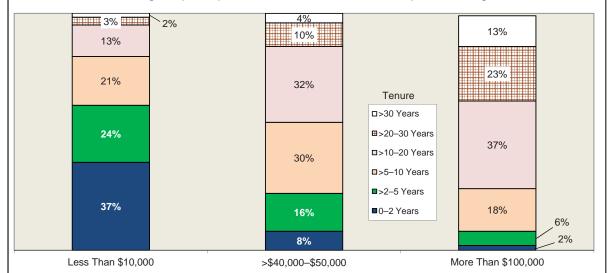


Size of Account Balance

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. Percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Figure 12 Tenure Composition of Selected 401(k) Plan Account Balance Categories Percentage of participants with account balances in specified ranges, 2014



Size of Account Balance

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

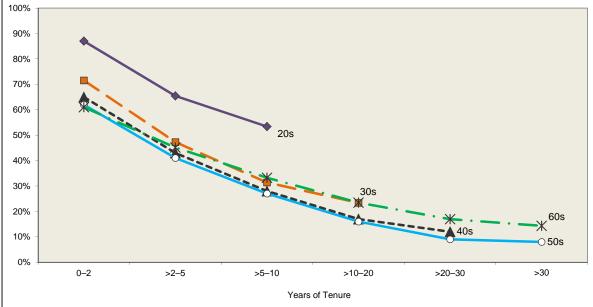
## Figure 13 401(k) Plan Account Balances Increase With Participant Age and Tenure Average 401(k) plan account balance, by age and tenure, 2014

_			Tenure	(years)		
Age Group	0–2	>2-5	>5–10	>10–20	>20-30	>30
20s	\$4,940	\$11,597	\$18,789			
30s	\$12,438	\$24,269	\$44,727	\$67,416		
40s	\$19,697	\$37,199	\$66,173	\$114,997	\$159,118	
50s	\$27,091	\$47,040	\$73,857	\$131,749	\$222,887	\$272,399
60s	\$34,673	\$49,775	\$68,792	\$113,062	\$189,341	\$274,043

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: At year-end 2014, the average account balance among all 24.9 million 401(k) particiants was \$76,293; the median account balance was \$18,127. Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan



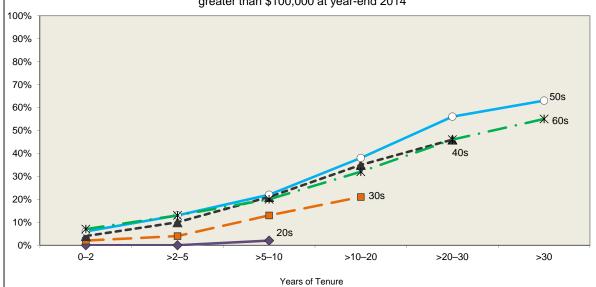


Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

# Figure 15 401(k) Plan Account Balances Greater Than \$100,000, by Participant Age and Tenure

Percentage of participants with account balances greater than \$100,000 at year-end 2014



Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

between \$20,000 and \$40,000, the median account balance was \$7,474 in 2014 (Figure 16). Longer-tenured participants in their 20s earning more than \$80,000 to \$100,000 had a median account balance of \$53,871, while those earning more than \$100,000 had a median account balance of \$44,513. Among longer-tenured participants in their 60s with \$20,000 to \$40,000 in salary in 2014, the median account balance was \$61,012. For longer-tenured participants in their 60s earning more than \$100,000, the median account balance was \$382,531.

The ratio of participant account balance to salary tends to be positively correlated with age and tenure.<sup>30</sup> Participants in their 50s and 60s—having had more time to accumulate assets—tended to have higher ratios, while those in their 20s had the lowest ratios (Figure 17). In addition, for any given age and tenure combination, the ratio of account balance to salary varies somewhat with salary. For example, among participants in their 20s, the ratio tends to increase slightly with salary for low-to-moderate salary groups (Figure 18). However, at high salary levels the ratio tends to decline somewhat. A similar pattern occurs among participants in their 60s (Figure 19).<sup>31</sup>

#### Year-End 2014 Snapshot of 401(k) Participants' Asset Allocation

At year-end 2014, 43 percent of 401(k) plan participants' account balances were invested in equity funds, on average, compared with 44 percent at year-end 2013, 37 percent at year-end 2008, and 48 percent at year-end 2007 (Figure 20). Altogether, equity securities—equity funds, the equity portion of balanced funds, <sup>32</sup> and company stock—represented 66 percent of 401(k) plan participants' assets at year-end 2014 (Figure 21).

#### Changes in Asset Allocation Between Year-End 2013 and Year-End 2014

Investment performance likely explains a good deal of the fluctuation in 401(k) participants' asset allocations over time. Much of the movement in the largest component, equity funds, tends to reflect overall equity market prices, which generally rose from 2003 through 2007, dropped in 2008, rose from 2009 through 2010, moderated in 2011, and rose from 2012 through 2014 (Figures 7, 8, and 20). At year-end 2014, equity funds were 43 percent of the assets in the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database, about the same as in 2013. Balanced funds, which invest in both equities and fixed-income securities, increased in share, accounting for 25 percent of the assets in the database at year-end 2014. Despite minor shifts in asset allocation, most 401(k) participants appeared not to have made dramatic shifts in their asset allocations in 2014.

#### **Asset Allocation and Participant Age**

As in previous years, the database for year-end 2014 shows that participants' asset allocation varied considerably with age. <sup>34</sup> Younger participants tended to favor equity funds and balanced funds, while older participants were more likely to invest in fixed-income securities such as bond funds, GICs and other stable-value funds, or money funds (Figure 21). For example, among participants in their 20s, the average allocation to equity and balanced funds was about 80 percent of assets, compared with about 60 percent of assets among participants in their 60s. Younger participants had consistently higher allocations to target-date funds. A target-date, or lifecycle, fund pursues a long-term investment strategy, using a mix of asset classes that follow a predetermined reallocation, typically rebalancing to shift its focus from growth to income as the fund approaches and passes its target date. <sup>35</sup> At year-end 2014, 18 percent of 401(k) assets in the database were invested in target-date funds, up from 17 percent at year-end 2013 (the year-end 2013 number has been revised upward). <sup>36</sup> Among participants in their 20s, more than 40 percent of their 401(k) assets were invested in target-date funds at year-end 2014; among participants in their 60s, about 16 percent of their 401(k) assets were invested in target-date funds.

#### **Asset Allocation and Investment Options**

The investment options that a plan offers can significantly affect how participants allocate their 401(k) assets. Figure 22 presents the distribution of plans, participants, and assets by four combinations of investment offerings. The first category is the base group, which consists of plans that offer neither company stock nor GICs or other stable-value funds. About 40 percent of participants in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database were in these plans, which generally offer equity funds, bond funds, money funds, and balanced funds as investment options. Another 27 percent of participants were in plans that offer GICs and other stable-value funds as an investment option, in addition to the base options.

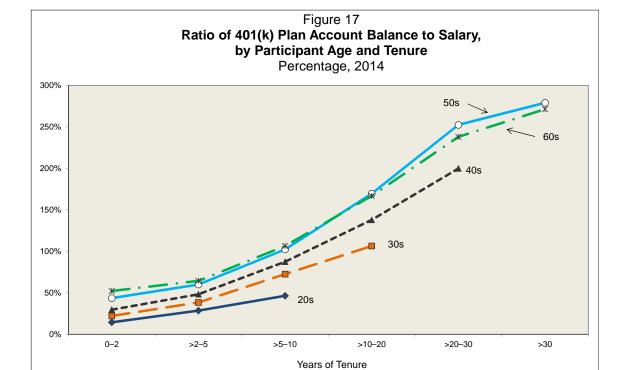
Figure 16
Median 401(k) Plan Account Balance <sup>a</sup> Among Longer-Tenured <sup>b</sup>
Participants, by Age and Salary, 2014

<u>.</u>		F	Participant Age Group	)	
Salary Range	20s	30s	40s	50s	60s
\$20,000-\$40,000	\$7,474	\$20,772	\$53,700	\$77,659	\$61,012
>\$40,000–\$60,000	\$16,502	\$35,602	\$79,786	\$113,504	\$96,393
>\$60,000-\$80,000	\$33,469	\$60,504	\$123,554	\$174,016	\$151,791
>\$80,000-\$100,000	\$53,871	\$97,019	\$186,584	\$258,153	\$223,638
>\$100,000	\$44,513	\$154,587	\$325,054	\$434,733	\$382,531

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

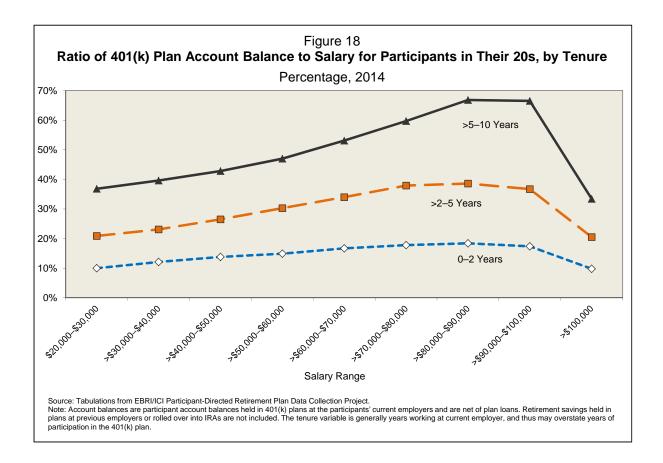
<sup>a</sup> Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included.

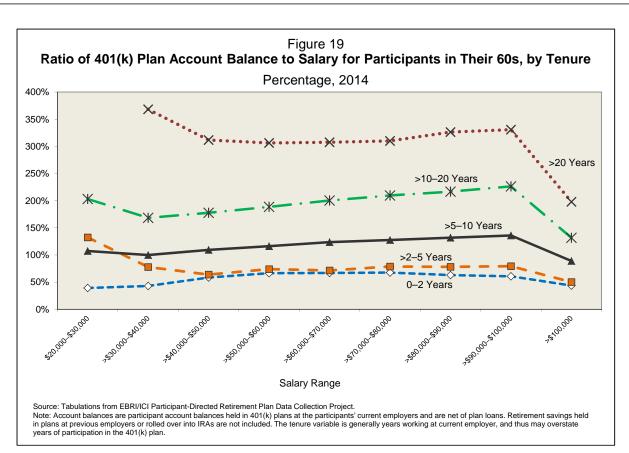
b Longer-tenured participants are used in this analysis to capture the longest possible work and savings history (see note a). The tenure variable tends to be years with the current employer rather than years of participation in the 401(k) plan. One reason that job tenure may not reflect length of participation in the 401(k) plan, particularly among older participants, is that the proposed regulations for 401(k) plans were not introduced until 1981.

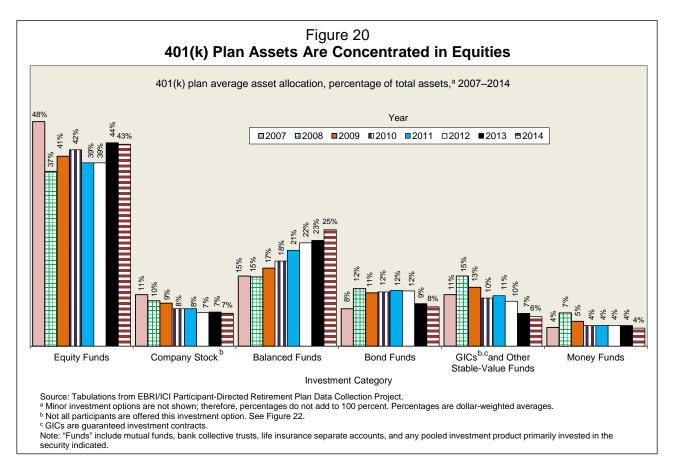


Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Account balances are participant account balances held in 401(k) plans at the participants' current employers and are net of plan loans. Retirement savings held in plans at previous employers or rolled over into IRAs are not included. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.







Alternatively, 17 percent of participants were in plans that offer company stock but no stable-value products, while the remaining 16 percent of participants were in plans that offered both company stock and stable-value products in addition to the base options. Target-date funds were available in more than 70 percent of the 401(k) plans in the year-end 2014 database (Figure 22).<sup>37</sup> These plans offered target-date funds to 73 percent of the participants in the database.<sup>38</sup> Among participants who were offered target-date funds, 65 percent held them at year-end 2014. Target-date fund assets represented 25 percent of the assets of plans offering such funds in their investment lineups.

#### Asset Allocation by Investment Options and Age, Salary, and Plan Size

Asset allocation also varies with participant age; Figure 23 demonstrates this with an analysis of asset allocation by investment options and also by participant age. Because asset allocation is influenced by the investment options available to participants, Figure 24 presents asset allocation by salary range and by investment options. Salary information is available for a subset of participants in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database. Participant asset allocation also varies with plan size (Figure 25, top panel), but much of the variation can be explained by differences in the investment options offered by plan sponsors. For example, the percentage of plan assets invested in company stock rises with plan size, in part, because few small plans offered company stock as an investment option. For example, 2 percent of participants in small plans (100 participants or fewer) were offered company stock as an investment option, while 51 percent of participants in plans with more than 5,000 participants were offered company stock as an investment option in 2014. Thus, to analyze the potential effect of plan size, the remaining panels of Figure 25 group plans by investment options and plan size.

#### Distribution of Equity Fund Allocations and Participant Exposure to Equities

Participants in 401(k) plans may hold equities through a variety of options including equity funds, company stock, and balanced funds. This section focuses first on the investing pattern of 401(k) plan participants with respect to equity funds. The asset allocation of participants without equity funds is explored next, because 401(k) participants holding no

#### Figure 21

### Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age

Percentage of account balances, a 2014

#### Non-Target-Date

			. 5							
	Equity	Target-Date	Balanced	Bond	Money	GlCsc,d/Stable-	Company			Memo:
Age Group	Funds	Funds <sup>b, c</sup>	Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock <sup>c</sup>	Other	Unknow n	Equitiese
20s	32.1%	42.4%	6.0%	4.4%	1.5%	1.9%	5.1%	4.8%	1.8%	78.1%
30s	43.0%	27.1%	7.0%	6.1%	2.2%	2.8%	5.9%	4.2%	1.6%	76.7%
40s	47.7%	18.5%	6.9%	7.2%	2.9%	3.9%	6.9%	4.6%	1.5%	73.3%
50s	43.7%	15.9%	6.6%	8.9%	3.9%	7.0%	7.6%	5.1%	1.3%	65.2%
60s	37.8%	15.6%	7.2%	10.4%	5.7%	10.1%	6.9%	5.0%	1.3%	56.0%
All	43.2%	18.0%	6.9%	8.4%	3.8%	6.3%	7.0%	5.0%	1.4%	66.2%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>b</sup>A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>c</sup>Not all participants are offered this investment option. See Figure 22.

d GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

e Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. For revisions to these data for 2007–2013, see Figure A1in the appendix.

	Figure 22		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Parti	icipants, and As	sets, by Investme	nt Options, 2014
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	52,294	10,076,530	\$631,526,270,693
	37,359	7,583,948	\$473,272,315,191
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,	26,635	6,679,651	\$480,377,217,830
	19,167	4,814,107	\$347,263,807,190
and company stock  Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	847	4,177,966	\$344,874,377,909
	571	3,366,805	\$268,170,480,143
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds, and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	1,363	3,966,458	\$442,955,458,608
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	906	2,416,914	\$261,659,178,138
All <sup>c</sup> Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	81,139	24,900,605	1,899,733,325,039
	58,003	18,181,774	1,350,365,780,661
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	Percentage of participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds  Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	64.4%	40.5%	33.2%
	46.0%	30.5%	24.9%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,	32.8%	26.8%	25.3%
	23.6%	19.3%	18.3%
and company stock  Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	1.0%	16.8%	18.2%
	0.7%	13.5%	14.1%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds, and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	1.7%	15.9%	23.3%
	1.1%	9.7%	13.8%
All <sup>c</sup> Of which: target-date funds <sup>a,c</sup> are an option	100%	100%	100%
	<b>71.5%</b>	<b>73.0%</b>	<b>71.1%</b>

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. For revisions to these data for 2007–2013, see Figure A2 in the appendix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Components may not add to total because of rounding.

		نَا	Fig. 170, 22				
Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts by Participant Age and Investment Options	f 401(k)	Plan Acc	guie 23	icipant	Age and	Investment	Ontions
	Perce	entage of ac	Percentage of account balances, 2014	a 2014			200
	Equity Funds	Target-Date Funds <sup>b</sup>	Non-Target-Date Balanced Funds	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable- Value Funds	Company
Investment Options, All Ages							
Equity, bond, money, and/or	<u>;</u>	ò	ì	Š	i		
Dalanced lunds  Foliity bond money and/or	47.4%	71.8%	7.8%	11.4%	5.3%		
balanced funds: and GICs° and/or							
other stable-value funds	45.2%	18.4%	8.1%	7.8%	1.7%	13.3%	
Equity, bond, money, and/or							
balanced funds; and company stock	37.2%	19.2%	4.3%	7.3%	2.9%		19.5%
Equity, bond, money, and/or halanced funds company stock; and							
GICs <sup>c</sup> and/or other stable-value							
funds	39.6%	11.0%	6.2%	2.7%	7.6%	12.8%	15.0%
Plans Without Company Stock, and GICs, and/or Other Stable-Value Funds	s, <sup>c</sup> and/or C	Other Stable-V	alue Funds		•		
Age Group	;	:		:	:		
20s	31.3%	49.4%	7.0%	5.4%	2.1%		
30s	45.6%	31.7%	%9.7	%9'.	2.8%		
40s	25.0%	21.9%	7.5%	9.3%	3.6%		
20s	48.7%	19.7%	7.9%	12.2%	2.3%		
e0s	42.0%	19.5%	8.4%	14.9%	8.1%		
Plans With GICs <sup>c</sup> and/or Other Stable-Value Funds	alue Funds						
20s	36.8%	38.1%	8.8%	5.1%	0.8%	4.3%	
30s	45.2%	26.3%	9.5%	6.2%	1.1%	6.3%	
40s	20.0%	19.1%	8.1%	%6.9	1.5%	8.4%	
508	46.0%	17.0%	7.6%	8.3%	1.7%	13.7%	
SUS SUST SUST SUST SUST SUST SUST SUST	33.270	13.770	0.170	8 %	<b>7</b> .1.70	21.270	
rians With Company Stock	72 50/	70 70	\00 C	/00 0	70/		45 00/
20s 30s	37 1%	42.1% 28.0%	2.0% 3.5%	5.5%	3.3%		16.7%
40s	41.2%	19.3%	4.3%	6.4%	4.3%		18.8%
50s	37.5%	17.0%	4.4%	8.0%	6.2%		20.3%
809	31.7%	17.1%	4.8%	9.1%	%9.6		20.7%
Plans With Company Stock and GICs, and/or Other Stable-Value Funds	ind/or Othe	r Stable-Value					
20s	31.7%	35.2%		2.9%	1.0%	4.5%	11.3%
30s	41.6%	19.4%	6.2%	4.3%	1.6%	6.2%	12.9%
40s	44.2%	11.6%	7.1%	2.0%	1.9%	8.2%	14.5%
508	39.5%	9.3%	5.8%	6.1%	2.6%	14.1%	15.5%
SOO	04.1%	0.070	0.8.0	0.5%	5.970	10.070	15.5%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Minor investment options are not shown; therefore, row percentages will not add to 100 percent. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>b</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>c</sup>GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

			Figure 24				
Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Salary and Investment Options	cation of 4	.01(k) Plan	Accounts, by P	articipant \$	salary and	Investment (	Options
		Percentage	Percentage of account balances, <sup>a</sup> 2014	ices, <sup>a</sup> 2014			
	Equity	Target-date	Non-Target-date	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>d</sup> /Stable-	Company
Salary <sup>b</sup>	Funds	$Funds^c$	Balanced Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock
Plans Without Company Stock,	GICs, <sup>d</sup> or Oth	y Stock, GICs, <sup>d</sup> or Other Stable-Value Funds	Funds				
\$20,000-\$40,000	42.1%	27.1%	9.1%	8.9%	8.5%		
>\$40,000–\$60,000	42.8%	24.2%	10.0%	10.0%	7.9%		
>\$60,000–\$80,000	46.2%	22.8%	8.5%	11.3%	%6.9		
>\$80,000-\$100,000	50.1%	20.8%	%6.9	11.6%	%0.9		
>\$100,000	54.1%	16.1%	%2.9	12.1%	2.7%		
All	47.4%	21.8%	7.8%	11.4%	5.3%		
Plans With GICs <sup>d</sup> and/or Other	Other Stable-Value Funds	Funds					
\$20,000-\$40,000	32.5%	29.6%	10.1%	8.2%	1.3%	13.4%	
>\$40,000—\$60,000	36.7%	26.1%	7.5%	9.3%	1.5%	12.3%	
>\$60,000-\$80,000	42.5%	21.0%	6.4%	9.5%	1.8%	11.6%	
>\$80,000-\$100,000	45.0%	20.1%	%0'9	%9.6	1.8%	11.1%	
>\$100,000	%0.09	17.1%	4.2%	8.9%	1.6%	11.9%	
All	45.2%	18.4%	8.1%	7.8%	1.7%	13.3%	
Plans With Company Stock							
\$20,000-\$40,000	37.3%	15.8%	5.2%	7.8%	5.2%		24.0%
>\$40,000–\$60,000	35.3%	20.6%	%0.9	%8.9	%8.9		18.9%
>\$60,000-\$80,000	35.5%	22.1%	2.7%	6.4%	%9.9		16.8%
>\$80,000–\$100,000	37.8%	20.1%	5.4%	%6.9	6.5%		14.4%
>\$100,000	42.3%	16.4%	3.5%	8.9%	5.2%		14.2%
All	37.2%	19.2%	4.3%	7.3%	2.9%		19.5%
Plans With Company Stock and	i GICs <sup>d</sup> and/o	tock and GICs <sup>d</sup> and/or Other Stable-Value Funds	alue Funds				
\$20,000-\$40,000	33.3%	17.7%	2.5%	4.4%	1.7%	13.8%	14.7%
>\$40,000–\$60,000	37.9%	15.9%	6.3%	2.0%	1.7%	12.6%	16.0%
>\$60,000–\$80,000	38.5%	14.8%	2.8%	4.8%	2.1%	13.0%	15.6%
>\$80,000-\$100,000	38.0%	13.2%	4.8%	4.6%	2.5%	16.4%	15.2%
>\$100,000	41.0%	10.3%	2.0%	4.9%	3.4%	11.7%	16.1%
All	%9.68	11.0%	6.2%	2.7%	2.6%	12.8%	15.0%
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project	pant-Directed Ret	irement Plan Data Co	ollection Project.				

Minor investment options are not shown; therefore, row percentages will not add to 100 percent. Percentages are dollar-weighed averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Salary information is available for a subset of participants in the EBRI/ICI database 401(k) database.
<sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.
<sup>d</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

equity funds may hold equities in the form of company stock or through balanced funds. Finally, the overall investment in equities across all 401(k) plan participants is presented.

### **Asset Allocation to Equity Funds**

The year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database shows that, on average, 43 percent of participant account balances were allocated to equity funds (Figure 21), which is one way to hold equities. However, individual asset allocations varied widely across participants. For example, 52 percent of participants held no equity funds, while about 17 percent of participants held more than 80 percent of their balances in equity funds (Figures 26 and 27). Furthermore, the percentage of participants holding no equity funds varied with age, with 68 percent of participants in their 20s, 48 percent of participants in their 40s, and 50 percent of participants in their 60s holding no equity funds. The percentage of 401(k) participants holding no equity funds also varied with tenure—participants with five or fewer years of tenure were more likely not to be invested in equity funds (Figure 27). The percentage of participants holding no equity funds tends to fall as salary increases.

#### Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Participants Without Equity Funds

Participants with no equity fund balances may still have exposure to the stock market through company stock or balanced funds, which include target-date funds. In fact, 83 percent of 401(k) participants with no equity fund allocation had investments in either company stock or balanced funds at year-end 2014 (Figure 28). For example, 89 percent of participants in their 20s without equity funds held equities through company stock, balanced funds, or both. Indeed, 74 percent of participants in their 20s without equity funds held target-date funds—which tend to be highly concentrated in equity securities for that age group—as their only equity investment. Another 7 percent of participants in their 20s without equity funds had equity exposure only through non–target-date balanced funds, and another 4 percent held company stock as their only equity investment. Five percent had equity exposure through some combination of target-date funds, non–target-date balanced funds, or company stock. As a result, many participants with no equity funds had exposure to equity-related investments through company stock, balanced funds, or both (Figure 29).

#### **Asset Allocation to Equities**

Among individual 401(k) plan participants, the allocation of account balances to equities (equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds) varies widely around the average of 66 percent for all participants in the 2014 database (Figure 21).<sup>39</sup> Forty-six percent of participants had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in equities, while 9 percent held no equities at all at the end of 2014 (Figure 30). Younger 401(k) plan participants were slightly more likely to hold at least some equities and much more likely to have high concentrations in equities. At year-end 2014, 8 percent of 401(k) plan participants in their 20s had no equities, compared with 12 percent of 401(k) plan participants in their 60s. About three-quarters of 401(k) plan participants in their 20s had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in equities, compared with less than one-quarter of 401(k) plan participants in their 60s.

#### Changes in Concentrations in Equities Since the Financial Crisis

More 401(k) plan participants held equities at year-end 2014 compared with year-end 2007, and many had higher concentrations in equities. Overall, at year-end 2014, 9 percent of 401(k) plan participants held no equities, down from 13 percent at year-end 2007, and 46 percent had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in equities at year-end 2014, compared with 44 percent at year-end 2007 (Figure 31). Younger 401(k) participants were much more likely to hold equities and to hold high concentrations in equities at year-end 2014 compared with year-end 2007. For example, about three-quarters of 401(k) plan participants in their 20s had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in equities at year-end 2014, compared with less than half at year-end 2007. Older 401(k) participants were a little less likely to have such high concentrations in equities at year-end 2014 compared with year-end 2007: 22 percent of 401(k) plan participants in their 60s had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in equities at year-end 2014, compared with 30 percent of 401(k) plan participants in their 60s at year-end 2007, although a lower share held no equities.

Figure 25

# Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Plan Size and Investment Options

Percentage of account balances, a 2014

Equity Funds
Funds Funds Funds Funds Funds Value Stock  Plan Size by Number of Participants  All Plans  1–100 45.7% 22.1% 5.5% 11.3% 3.6% 4.7% 0.1%
Plan Size by Number of Participants All Plans 1–100 45.7% 22.1% 5.5% 11.3% 3.6% 4.7% 0.1%
All Plans 1–100 45.7% 22.1% 5.5% 11.3% 3.6% 4.7% 0.1%
1–100 45.7% 22.1% 5.5% 11.3% 3.6% 4.7% 0.1%
101–500 45.9% 20.7% 7.6% 10.3% 4.0% 5.1% 0.4%
501-1,000 45.9% 20.2% 8.9% 9.4% 3.9% 4.9% 1.6%
1,001–5,000 44.6% 19.1% 8.6% 8.8% 3.6% 5.8% 3.4%
>5,000 41.6% 16.4% 6.0% 7.6% 3.9% 7.1% 10.8%
All 43.2% 18.0% 6.9% 8.4% 3.8% 6.3% 7.0%
Plans Without Company Stock, GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable-Value Funds
1–100 45.2% 24.3% 4.1% 13.8% 4.4%
101–500 46.7% 22.6% 7.2% 12.0% 5.3%
501–1,000 47.9% 22.1% 8.5% 11.1% 5.2%
1001–5,000 47.6% 21.7% 9.6% 10.3% 5.2%
>5,000 48.2% 20.5% 7.8% 11.3% 5.6%
All 47.4% 21.8% 7.8% 11.4% 5.3%
Plans With GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable-Value Funds
1–100 47.5% 17.9% 8.5% 6.3% 2.0% 14.4%
101–500 46.0% 17.3% 8.4% 7.5% 1.5% 14.5%
501–1,000 44.6% 18.0% 10.1% 7.0% 1.4% 14.1%
1,001–5,000 44.2% 18.4% 8.8% 7.8% 1.5% 13.6%
>5,000 45.3% 18.8% 7.1% 8.3% 1.8% 12.4%
All 45.2% 18.4% 8.1% 7.8% 1.7% 13.3%
Plans With Company Stock
1–100 <sup>d</sup> 37.5% 18.3% 9.1% 8.0% 7.2% 8.4%
101–500 38.9% 20.0% 6.3% 9.5% 5.1% 13.8%
501-1,000 40.0% 16.7% 8.6% 9.2% 5.3% 17.1%
1,001–5,000 40.8% 16.7% 6.1% 9.2% 5.0% 16.5%
>5,000 36.5% 19.7% 3.8% 6.9% 6.1% 20.2%
All 37.2% 19.2% 4.3% 7.3% 5.9% 19.5%
Plans With Company Stock and GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable-Value Funds
1–100 35.8% 13.9% 7.5% 7.1% 1.7% 15.4% 5.4%
101–500 36.2% 18.3% 8.0% 6.2% 2.4% 12.1% 4.9%
501–1,000 36.8% 15.6% 7.3% 5.5% 2.3% 10.9% 13.1%
1,001–5,000 38.9% 14.2% 7.1% 5.7% 2.1% 11.3% 10.8%
>5,000 39.8% 10.3% 6.0% 5.7% 2.7% 13.1% 15.8%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

6.2%

2.6%

12.8%

11.0%

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

#### Figure 26

# Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Equity Funds, by Participant Age

Percentage of participants, a,b 2014

Age			Per	centage o	f Account	Balance I	nvested in	Equity Fu	nds		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	68.2%	1.1%	1.2%	1.7%	2.0%	2.4%	2.7%	2.7%	3.4%	4.0%	10.6%
30s	55.2%	2.1%	2.0%	2.6%	2.9%	3.5%	4.2%	4.3%	5.0%	5.4%	12.8%
40s	48.1%	2.6%	2.4%	3.1%	3.5%	4.2%	5.2%	5.5%	6.2%	5.6%	13.6%
50s	46.1%	3.2%	2.8%	3.6%	4.1%	5.0%	6.2%	6.1%	5.6%	4.2%	13.0%
60s	49.8%	3.7%	3.2%	4.0%	4.6%	5.2%	5.9%	5.0%	4.1%	3.0%	11.5%
All	52.2%	2.6%	2.4%	3.0%	3.4%	4.1%	5.0%	4.9%	5.1%	4.6%	12.6%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Equity funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in equities. In addition, 401(k) participants may hold equities through balanced funds or company stock—see Figure 30 for the distribution of 401(k) plan account balances to equities.

a Minor investment options are not shown; therefore, row percentages will not add to 100 percent. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Because few plans fall into this category, these percentages may be heavily influenced by a few outliers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 24.9 million participants in the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI database 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Figure 27

# Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Equity Funds, by Participant Age, Tenure, or Salary

Percentage of participants, 2014

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equity Funds

	. 0.0	ontage of Aleccant Bar	arros mirostoa mi Equity i e	
_	Zero	1–20%	>20%-80%	>80%
All				
Age Group				
20s	68.2%	2.3%	14.9%	14.6%
30s	55.2%	4.1%	22.5%	18.2%
40s	48.1%	5.0%	27.7%	19.2%
50s	46.1%	6.0%	30.7%	17.1%
60s	49.8%	6.9%	28.8%	14.5%
Tenure (years)				
0–2	65.5%	2.4%	17.7%	14.5%
>2–5	61.9%	3.3%	20.4%	14.4%
>5–10	52.5%	5.0%	25.8%	16.7%
>10–20	41.6%	6.6%	32.2%	19.6%
>20-30	36.2%	8.3%	35.7%	19.8%
>30	38.9%	9.9%	34.8%	16.4%
Salary				
\$20,000-\$40,000	64.4%	4.2%	20.2%	11.1%
>\$40,000-\$60,000	53.2%	5.9%	27.0%	13.9%
>\$60,000-\$80,000	45.2%	6.7%	31.9%	16.2%
>\$80,000-\$100,000	39.6%	7.4%	35.6%	17.4%
>\$100,000	30.0%	8.6%	41.6%	19.8%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. "Equity funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in equities. In addition, 401(k) participants may hold equities through balanced funds or company stock—see Figure 30 for the distribution of 401(k) plan account balances to equities. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan. Salary information is available for a subset of participants in the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Figure 28

## Percentage of 401(k) Plan Participants Without Equity Fund Balances Who Have Equity Exposure, by Participant Age or Tenure, 2014

Percentage of Participants Without Equity Funds

		Percent	tage of Participants v	vithout Equity Ft	inas
		Target-date	Non-target-date	Company	Combination of
	Company	funds* as	balanced funds	stock as	company stock and/or
	stock and/or	only equity	as only equity	only equity	target-date funds,* and/or
	balanced funds	investment	investment	investment	non-target-date balanced funds
Age Group					
20s	88.7%	73.9%	6.6%	3.7%	4.6%
30s	86.7%	63.6%	7.1%	4.8%	11.1%
40s	83.7%	55.8%	9.3%	6.3%	12.3%
50s	80.4%	52.1%	7.8%	7.8%	12.6%
60s	75.7%	48.1%	7.9%	7.8%	12.0%
All	83.3%	58.7%	7.9%	6.1%	10.6%
Tenure (yea	irs)				
0–2	89.2%	71.6%	7.7%	3.0%	7.0%
>2–5	87.1%	67.6%	7.7%	3.2%	8.6%
>5–10	82.3%	57.6%	8.2%	5.7%	10.9%
>10-20	76.6%	38.9%	8.4%	10.4%	18.9%
>20-30	70.4%	32.9%	8.5%	14.5%	14.5%
>30	64.5%	28.7%	7.9%	17.4%	10.5%
All	83.3%	58.7%	7.9%	6.1%	10.6%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: Components may not add to the total in the first column because of rounding. "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

<sup>\*</sup>A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

				Figure 29				
	7	Average Asset Allocation for 401(k) Plan Participants Without	Allocation	for 401(k)	Plan Particip	ants Withou	<b>+</b>	
		Equity Fur	n <b>d Balance</b> 'ercentage o	i <b>s, by Parti</b> f account ba	Equity Fund Balances, by Participant Age of Tenure Percentage of account balances. <sup>a</sup> 2014	r lenure		
	Target-Date Funds <sup>b</sup>	Non-Target-Date Balanced Funds	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable- Value Funds	Company Stock	Other	Unknown
Age Group								
. 50s	72.8%	8.8%	2.1%	1.6%	2.1%	4.9%	5.8%	1.7%
30s		12.6%	3.4%	3.1%	3.9%	6.5%	5.4%	1.4%
40s		13.9%	4.9%	4.7%	6.5%	9.1%	%9.2	1.4%
50s		11.7%	%9:9	6.4%	12.0%	10.6%	8.4%	1.3%
809		11.2%	8.1%	9.2%	16.7%	9.1%	7.3%	1.2%
All	46.8%	12.1%	%0.9	6.2%	10.5%	9.2%	7.8%	1.3%
Tenure (years,								
02		11.3%	4.6%	2.0%	2.2%	2.7%	%8.9	0.7%
>2–5		12.0%	4.5%	2.5%	3.0%	3.6%	6.3%	1.2%
>5–10		14.1%	5.2%	4.6%	2.5%	5.7%	%8.9	1.4%
>10–20		13.1%	6.1%	%6.9	9:9%	%6.6	7.9%	1.8%
>20-30		11.3%	%8.9	7.7%	14.2%	13.4%	%6.6	1.4%
>30	27.6%	10.0%	7.4%	%9.6	20.9%	14.3%	%0.6	1.2%
AII <sup>d</sup>	46.8%	All <sup>d</sup> 46.8% 12.1% 6.0% 6.2%	%0.9	6.2%	10.5%	9.2%	7.8%	1.3%
Source: Tabulatio	101/10 EDD1/101	Control Protection to a single of	2112 A 242 C 2210 422	to cion Capitor				

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

usually included in the fund's name.

GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>d</sup> The analysis includes the 13.0 million participants with no equity funds at year-end 2014.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is

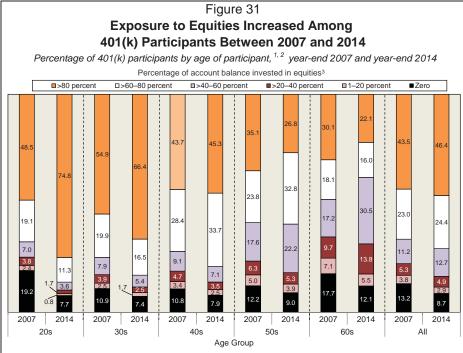
# Figure 30 Asset Allocation to Equities Varied Widely Among 401(k) Plan Participants

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, <sup>a</sup> by age, percentage of participants, <sup>b</sup> 2014

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities<sup>a</sup>

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80-100%
20s	7.7%	0.8%	1.7%	3.6%	11.3%	74.8%
30s	7.4%	1.7%	2.5%	5.4%	16.5%	66.4%
40s	7.9%	2.5%	3.5%	7.1%	33.7%	45.3%
50s	9.0%	3.9%	5.3%	22.2%	32.8%	26.8%
60s	12.1%	5.5%	13.8%	30.5%	16.0%	22.1%
All	8.7%	2.9%	4.9%	12.7%	24.4%	46.4%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.



Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project

<sup>1</sup> Participants include the 24.9 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database and the 21.8 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2007 EBRI/ICI database.

<sup>2</sup> Components may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

<sup>3</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. Funds include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

Participants include the 24.9 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. For revisions to these data for 2007–2013, see Figure A3 in the appendix.

#### Distribution of 401(k) Participants' Balanced Fund Allocations by Age

Individual 401(k) participants' asset allocation to balanced funds varied widely around an average of 25 percent at year-end 2014 (Figure 20). For example, 41 percent of participants held no balanced funds, while 38 percent of participants held more than 80 percent of their accounts in balanced funds at the end of 2014 (Figure 32). 40 At year-end 2014, nearly 60 percent of 401(k) participants held balanced funds through target-date funds and non-target-date balanced funds, similar to the share in 2013. 41 Forty-eight percent of 401(k) participants held target-date funds, 16 percent held non-target-date balanced funds, and 5 percent held both. Target-date fund use varies with participant age and tenure. Younger participants were more likely to hold target-date funds than older participants. At year-end 2014, 60 percent of participants in their 20s held target-date funds, compared with 41 percent of participants in their 60s. Recently hired participants were more likely to hold target-date funds than those with more years on the job: at year-end 2014, 59 percent of participants with two or fewer years of tenure held target-date funds, compared with about half of participants with more than five to 10 years of tenure, and fewer than 30 percent of participants with more than 30 years of tenure (Figure 33).

#### Distribution of 401(k) Participants' Company Stock Allocations

Participants' allocations to company stock remained in line with recent previous years. Thirty-three percent (or 8.1 million) of the 401(k) participants in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database were in plans that offered company stock as an investment option (Figure 22). Among these participants, 76 percent held 20 percent or less of their account balances in company stock, including 56 percent who held none (Figure 34). On the other hand, 8 percent had more than 80 percent of their account balances invested in company stock.

#### **Asset Allocations of Recently Hired Participants**

Comparing snapshots of newly hired 401(k) plan participants' asset allocations provides further insight into recent investment allocations. Balanced funds, which include lifestyle and target-date funds, have increased in popularity among 401(k) participants. Recently hired participants in 2014 tended to be more likely to hold balanced funds compared with recent hires in the past. About two-thirds of recently hired 401(k) plan participants from 2011 through 2014 held balanced funds, compared with less than half in 2006, and one-third in 2002 (Figure 35). At year-end 2014, 59 percent of recently hired 401(k) participants held target-date funds, while 12 percent held non-target-date balanced funds, and 4 percent held both target-date and non-target-date balanced funds (Figure 36). 42

Among those who held balanced funds, recently hired participants in 2014 were more likely to hold a high concentration of their accounts in balanced funds compared with past years. At year-end 2014, 79 percent of recently hired participants holding balanced funds had more than 90 percent of their account balance invested in balanced funds, compared with 77 percent in 2013, 61 percent in 2009, 43 percent in 2006, and 7 percent in 1998 (Figure 37). Concentration is highest among recently hired participants with target-date funds; at year-end 2014, 78 percent of recently hired participants holding target-date funds held more than 90 percent of their account balance in target-date funds (Figure 38). 43 Forty-one percent of recently hired participants holding non-target-date balanced funds had more than 90 percent of their account balance invested in those funds at year-end 2014. Balanced fund, target-date fund, and non-target-date balanced fund use varied somewhat by age among recently hired participants—recently hired participants in their 20s were more likely to be highly concentrated in such funds. For example, 56 percent of recently hired participants in their 20s held more than 90 percent of their account balances in balanced funds, compared with 52 percent of recent hires in their 40s, and 51 percent of recent hires in their 60s in 2014 (Figure 39). Concentrated target-date fund use ranged from 51 percent of recent hires in their 20s holding more than 90 percent of their account balances in target-date funds to 42 percent of recently hired participants in their 60s. In addition, at year-end 2014, 55 percent of the account balances of recently hired participants in their 20s were invested in balanced funds, the same as in 2013, compared with 54 percent in 2012, 42 percent in 2009, 24 percent in 2006, and about 7 percent among that age group in 1998 (Figure 40).44 At year-end 2014, among recently hired participants in their 20s, target-date funds accounted for 85 percent of their balanced fund assets, or 47 percent of their account balances overall. The pattern of target-date and non-target-date balanced fund use varied with participant age.

# Figure 32 Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age

Percentage of participants, a,b 2014

				Percentage	of Account E	Balance Inve	sted in Balar	ced Funds			
Age											
Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30-40%	>40–50%	>50-60%	>60–70%	>70-80%	>80-90%	>90-100%
20s	32.0%	2.0%	1.9%	1.7%	1.3%	1.4%	1.7%	1.1%	1.2%	1.1%	54.7%
30s	37.8%	4.0%	3.4%	3.0%	2.1%	1.9%	1.9%	1.5%	1.7%	1.9%	41.0%
40s	42.2%	5.3%	4.3%	3.8%	2.5%	2.2%	2.0%	1.5%	1.7%	1.8%	32.7%
50s	45.4%	5.7%	4.5%	4.0%	2.7%	2.4%	2.0%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	28.6%
60s	46.9%	5.4%	4.1%	3.8%	2.6%	2.3%	2.0%	1.4%	1.5%	1.6%	28.3%
All	41.4%	4.7%	3.8%	3.4%	2.3%	2.1%	1.9%	1.4%	1.6%	1.7%	35.9%
				Percentage	of Account E	Balance Inve	sted in Targe	et-date Funds	s <sup>c</sup>		
Age											
Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30-40%	>40–50%	>50-60%	>60–70%	>70-80%	>80–90%	>90–100%
20s	39.6%	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%	1.2%	1.6%	1.0%	1.1%	0.9%	49.8%
30s	47.4%	2.8%	2.2%	2.0%	1.7%	1.9%	3.3%	1.1%	1.3%	1.5%	34.8%
40s	54.5%	3.6%	2.7%	2.3%	1.8%	2.0%	3.1%	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	26.2%
50s	57.4%	4.0%	2.7%	2.4%	1.8%	2.0%	2.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	23.2%
60s	59.1%	3.7%	2.5%	2.2%	1.7%	1.8%	2.9%	1.0%	1.1%	1.2%	22.8%
All	52.4%	3.2%	2.4%	2.1%	1.7%	1.9%	2.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	30.0%
				Percentage	of Account E	Balance Inve	sted in Non-	Target-date	Balanced Fu	nds	
Age											
Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30–40%	>40–50%	>50-60%	>60–70%	>70-80%		>90–100%
20s	90.9%	1.4%	1.1%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	4.4%
30s	85.5%	2.8%	2.0%	1.4%	0.8%	0.9%	2.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	3.7%
40s	82.3%	3.4%	2.7%	2.0%	1.2%	1.3%	2.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	4.0%
50s	82.6%	3.6%	2.9%	2.3%	1.3%	1.3%	2.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	3.1%
60s	82.8%	3.3%	2.7%	2.3%	1.3%	1.2%	2.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	3.3%
All	84.3%	3.0%	2.4%	1.8%	1.0%	1.1%	2.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	3.7%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. For revisions to these data for 2007–2013, see Figure A4 in the appendix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 24.9 million participants in the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

					Figure 33	33					
Ass	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Tenure	ion Distri	bution of	401(k) Pa	rticipant /	Account E	3alance to	Balance	d Funds, l	by Tenure	•
				Percenta	Percentage of Participants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2014	cipants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2	.014				
				Percenta	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	Balance Inves	sted in Balance	d Funds			
Tenure (years)	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
0–2	32.8%	2.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.3%	1.5%	1.8%	1.1%	1.3%	1.1%	53.2%
>2–5	34.9%	2.8%	2.5%	2.3%	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	1.4%	1.4%	1.5%	48.0%
>5–10	40.9%	4.7%	3.9%	3.5%	2.4%	2.1%	1.9%	1.5%	1.6%	1.8%	35.7%
>10–20	48.2%	%8.9	5.4%	4.6%	2.9%	2.5%	2.0%	1.6%	1.9%	2.7%	21.3%
>20–30	53.3%	7.9%	2.9%	2.0%	3.3%	2.8%	2.4%	1.9%	1.7%	1.5%	14.5%
>30	27.5%	7.7%	2.5%	4.6%	3.1%	2.5%	1.9%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	13.3%
All	41.4%	4.7%	3.8%	3.4%	2.3%	2.1%	1.9%	1.4%	1.6%	1.7%	35.9%
				Percentag	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-Date Funds $^\circ$	salance Investe	ed in Target-Da	te Funds <sup>c</sup>			
Tenure (years)	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
0-2	41.1%	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%	1.1%	1.5%	3.4%	%6.0	1.1%	%6.0	46.1%
>2–5	43.8%	1.9%	1.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	3.2%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	41.0%
>5–10	51.5%	3.4%	2.7%	2.4%	1.9%	2.2%	3.1%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	29.1%
>10–20	61.3%	4.8%	3.2%	2.7%	2.0%	2.2%	2.6%	1.2%	1.5%	2.2%	16.4%
>20–30	%8'.29	2.5%	3.3%	2.7%	2.1%	2.1%	2.4%	1.3%	1.2%	1.0%	10.7%
>30	71.6%	5.4%	3.0%	2.4%	1.8%	1.6%	1.8%	%6.0	0.8%	%6.0	9.7%
All	52.4%	3.2%	2.4%	2.1%	1.7%	1.9%	2.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	30.0%
			Pe	rcentage of Ac	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-Date Balanced Funds	Invested in No	on-Target-Date	Balanced Fun	sp		
Tenure (years)	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
0–2	88.2%	1.4%	1.1%	%6:0	%9'0	%5'0	2.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	4.9%
>2–5	%6.98	1.9%	1.5%	1.1%	%2.0	%8.0	2.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	4.6%
>5–10	83.9%	3.1%	2.3%	1.7%	1.0%	1.2%	2.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	3.9%
>10–20	81.3%	4.2%	3.3%	2.6%	1.4%	1.5%	1.9%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	2.9%
>20-30	80.5%	4.7%	3.7%	3.0%	1.7%	1.5%	1.6%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	2.4%
>30	81.3%	4.6%	3.5%	2.8%	1.7%	1.3%	1.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	2.3%
All	84.3%	3.0%	2.4%	1.8%	1.0%	1.1%	2.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	3.7%
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project	from EBRI/ICI Par	ticipant-Directed	Retirement Plan	Data Collection	Project.						

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated. The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 24.9 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.
<sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in he fund's name.

		Ass	Figure 34  Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Company Stock in 401(k) Plans With Company Stock by Participant Ade	ion Distril	Figure 34 bution of 401(I	e 34 401(k) Par Company	ticipant A	ccount Ba	alance to		
			Pe	Percer	Percentage of Participants, <sup>ab</sup> 2014 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Company Stock	ticipants, <sup>a,b</sup>	2014 Sompany Stock				
Age Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	31–40% 41–50% 51–60%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	71.7%	5.4%	4.1%	3.5%	2.4%	1.7%	1.8%	1.2%	%6.0	%9:0	%8.9
30s	58.1%	11.9%	7.3%	4.9%	3.3%	2.5%	2.2%	1.6%	1.2%	0.9%	6.1%
40s	52.8%	13.0%	8.2%	5.8%	4.0%	3.0%	2.4%	1.8%	1.3%	1.0%	%9.9
50s	20.7%	14.1%	8.5%	5.8%	4.0%	3.0%	2.5%	1.9%	1.4%	1.1%	7.1%
s09	53.6%	13.2%	7.6%	5.3%	3.7%	2.7%	2.3%	1.8%	1.3%	1.0%	7.5%
All	56.1%	12.1%	7.5%	5.2%	3.6%	2.7%	2.3%	1.7%	1.2%	%6.0	%8.9
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.	ins from EBRI/IC	I Participant-Dire	cted Retirement	: Plan Data Colle	ection Project.						
<sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 8.1 million participants in plans with company stock at year-end 2014.	udes the 8.1 mil	ion participants i	n plans with com	pany stock at v	ear-end 2014.						

<sup>b</sup>Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding.

				Many R	Recentl ge of rec	Figure 35  Many Recently Hired 401(k) Plan Participants <sup>a</sup> Hold Balanced Funds <sup>b</sup> Percentage of recently hired 401(k) participants <sup>a</sup> holding balanced funds, <sup>b</sup> 1998–2014	401(k)   ed 401(k	Figu Plan F	Figure 35 <b>an Particip</b> , articipants <sup>a</sup> h	ants <sup>a</sup> F	lold Ba	<b>llanced</b> funds, <sup>b</sup> 1	<b>Funds</b>   <b>Funds</b>	d. 4			
Age Group	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
20s	27.0%	28.3%	20s 27.0% 28.3% 27.1% 27.3%	27.3%	32.7%	32.7% 35.1% 38.9% 43.5% 48.5% 51.1% 63.6% 64.1% 69.6% 72.0% 70.8% 67.6%	38.9%	43.5%	48.5%	51.1%	%9.69	64.1%	%9.69	72.0%	%8.02		68.1%
30s	29.0%	31.0%	28.3%	26.5%	33.1%	33.1% 36.2% 39.8% 42.8% 47.9% 54.2%	39.8%	42.8%	47.9%	54.2%	29.6%	61.2%	63.0%	61.2% 63.0% 68.1%	%5.69	%8'.29	67.5%
40s	30.5%	33.6%	30.8%	27.9%	33.7%	33.7% 35.7%	39.8%	42.1%	46.6%	52.8%	27.8%	29.3%	29.9%	%0.59	67.2%	%9.59	%9'.29
20s	30.9%	34.9%	32.1%	29.2%	33.9%	35.5%	40.3% 43.3%	43.3%	47.8%	53.4%	28.0%	28.7%	59.1%	64.2%	%2.99	64.5%	%9'59
s09	28.4%	34.9%	33.2%	29.1%	30.2%	30.2% 30.7%	36.3%	41.6%	45.5%	50.1%	23.9%	23.6%	55.2%	%2'09	63.9%	%9.09	63.9%
Ψ	28.9%	31.3%	31.3% 29.1%	27.4%	33.0%	33.0% 35.4% 39.3% 42.8% 47.6%	39.3%	42.8%	47.6%	52.7%	29.9%		%0.69 %6.09	67.5%	%9.89	%8.99	67.2%
Source:	Tabulations	s from EBR	I/ICI Partici	Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed		Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.	a Collection	Project.									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The analysis includes participants with two or fewer years of tenure in the year indicated.

e"Balanced funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in a mix of equities and fixed-income securities.

lanv E	Figure 36 Many Recently Hired 401(k) Plan Participants Hold Target-Date <sup>a</sup> Balanced Funds	d 401(k) PI	Figu An Particir	Figure 36	Target-Da	te <sup>a</sup> Balanc	ed Funds	
	19 TILE P 2007	Percentage of recently hired participants, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014	of recently I 29, 2010, 2	nired particition 1011, 2012,	ipants, 200 2013, and 2	ite Balailo 6, 2014		
			Holding Bala	Holding Balanced Funds				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
48.5%	51.1%	%9.E9	64.1%	%9:69	72.0%	%8'02	%9′.29	68.1%
47.9%	54.2%	%9.69	61.2%	%0.89	68.1%	%5'69	%8'.29	67.5%
46.6%	52.8%	27.8%	29.3%	29.9%	%0.59	67.2%	%9.59	%9'.29
47.8%	53.4%	28.0%	28.7%	59.1%	64.2%	%2'99	64.5%	%9.59
45.5%	50.1%	23.9%	23.6%	55.2%	%2'09	63.9%	%9.09	63.9%
47.6%	52.7%	29.9%	%6:09	63.0%	67.5%	%9.89	99:3%	67.2%
		_	Holding Target-Date Funds <sup>a</sup>	t-Date Funds	Sa Sa			
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
29.4%	32.4%	47.5%	20.5%	22.3%	29.3%	59.4%	28.6%	%9.09
28.5%	35.5%	44.3%	48.3%	49.8%	22.9%	28.7%	58.2%	29.7%
27.4%	34.6%	42.6%	46.6%	47.2%	52.8%	22.8%	54.8%	21.7%
28.1%	35.3%	42.7%	46.2%	46.8%	52.4%	55.5%	53.6%	22.0%
26.1%	32.3%	39.1%	41.8%	43.1%	49.0%	51.5%	48.9%	55.4%
28.3%	34.3%	44.4%	47.9%	49.8%	55.2%	57.3%	56.3%	28.9%
		오	Holding Non-Target-Date Funds	rget-Date Fur	spu			
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
22.5%	21.2%	18.5%	16.7%	15.8%	14.0%	12.8%	10.1%	8.6%
22.5%	21.9%	18.2%	16.2%	15.1%	14.0%	12.6%	11.2%	11.9%
21.3%	21.1%	17.7%	15.8%	14.4%	13.9%	13.3%	12.4%	14.8%
21.4%	20.9%	17.6%	15.4%	13.8%	13.5%	13.0%	12.4%	13.3%
19.8%	20.1%	16.7%	14.0%	13.2%	13.1%	13.9%	13.0%	13.1%
21.9%	21.3%	18.0%	16.1%	14.8%	13.9%	13.0%	11.4%	11.8%
EBRI	CI Participani	Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project	ment Plan Data	Collection Proje	ect.			

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target

date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

Note: The analysis includes the 4.1 million recently hired participants (those with two or fewer years of tenure) in 2014, the 4.4 million recently hired participants in 2013, the 3.6 million recently hired participants in 2013, the 3.6 million recently hired participants in 2010, the 3.1 million recently hired participants in 2009, the 4.0 million recently hired participants in 2007, and the 2.8 million recently hired participants in 2006.
"Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security

ndicated.

Comparing recently hired participants in 2014 with similar age groups in 1998 also illustrates that asset allocation to balanced funds tended to be higher in 2014 than in 1998, rising from 9 percent of the account balances of recently hired participants in 1998 to 42 percent in 2014 (Figure 40). The share of account balances invested in equity funds decreased over the same period, from 65 percent for recently hired participants in 1998 to 37 percent for recently hired participants in 2014. Company stock also declined for the two groups of recently hired participants, from 9 percent of 401(k) plan account balances in 1998 to 3 percent in 2014.

In addition to devoting a greater share of their assets to balanced funds, recently hired participants also have become more likely to hold these diversified investment options. At year-end 2014, 67 percent of recently hired 401(k) participants held balanced funds, compared with 29 percent at year-end 1998 (Figure 35). Over the same period, recently hired 401(k) participants have become less likely to hold company stock (Figure 41) and less likely to hold equity funds. Recently hired 401(k) participants also tend not to hold a high concentration of their account balances in company stock (Figures 42 and 43).

#### Year-End 2014 Snapshot of 401(k) Plan Loan Activity

#### Availability and Use of 401(k) Plan Loans by Plan Size

Fifty-four percent of the 401(k) plans for which loan data were available in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database offered a plan loan provision to participants (Figure 44). <sup>47</sup> The loan feature was more commonly associated with large plans (as measured by the number of participants in the plan). About 90 percent of plans with more than 1,000 participants included a loan provision, compared with 31 percent of plans with 10 or fewer participants. Participant loan activity varied modestly by plan size, ranging from 18 percent of participants with loans outstanding in 401(k) plans with 26 to 100 participants to 24 percent of participants in 401(k) plans with 10 or fewer participants (Figure 45). Loan ratios—the amount of the loan outstanding divided by the remaining account balance—vary only slightly when participants are grouped based on the size of their 401(k) plans (as measured by the number of plan participants). Among those in plans with 500 or fewer participants, the loan ratio was 13 percent of the remaining assets in 2014, while in plans with more than 5,000 participants, the loan ratio was 11 percent (Figure 46).

In the 19 years that the database has been tracking loan activity among 401(k) plan participants, there has been little variation. From 1996 through 2008, on average, less than one-fifth of 401(k) participants with access to loans had loans outstanding. At year-end 2009, the percentage of participants who were offered loans with loans outstanding ticked up to 21 percent and remained at that level from year-end 2010 through year-end 2013 before falling to 20 percent at year-end 2014 (Figure 47). However, not all participants have access to 401(k) plan loans—factoring in all 401(k) participants with and without loan access in the database, only 17 percent had loans outstanding at year-end 2014. On average, over the past 19 years, among participants with loans outstanding, about 14 percent of the remaining account balance remained unpaid. U.S. Department of Labor data indicate that loan amounts tend to be a negligible portion of plan assets.

#### 401(k) Plan Loan Activity Varies With Participant Age, Tenure, Account Balance, and Salary

In the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database, 87 percent of participants were in plans offering loans. However, as has been the case for the 19 years that the database has tracked 401(k) plan participants, relatively few participants made use of this borrowing privilege. At year-end 2014, 20 percent of those eligible for loans had 401(k) plan loans outstanding (Figure 47). As in previous years, loan activity varies with age, tenure, account balance, and salary. Of those participants in plans offering loans, the highest percentages of participants with outstanding loan balances were among participants in their 30s, 40s, or 50s (Figure 48). In addition, participants with five or fewer years of tenure or with more than 30 years of tenure were less likely to use the loan provision than other participants. Thirteen percent of participants with account balances of less than \$10,000 had loans outstanding.

#### Figure 37

#### Many Recently Hired 401(k) Participants Hold **High Concentrations in Balanced Funds**

Percentage of recently hired participants holding balanced fund assets, a,b selected years

	Percentage	of Account Balance Invested in Balan	nced Funds
A C	0.50	1998	. 00
Age Group 20s	>0–50 percent 84.9%	>50–90 percent 7.3%	>90 percent 7.8%
30s	86.0%	7.6%	6.4%
40s	84.1%	8.9%	7.0%
50s	81.1%	10.7%	8.2%
60s	77.0%	12.4%	10.6%
All	84.5%	8.2%	7.3%
	0.50	2006	00
Age Group 20s	>0-50 percent 40.1%	>50–90 percent 13.7%	>90 percent 46.2%
30s	47.7%	12.8%	39.5%
40s	46.0%	13.1%	40.9%
50s	43.3%	13.3%	43.4%
60s	39.5%	12.6%	47.9%
All	43.9%	13.3%	42.8%
		2007	
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	36.3%	14.7%	49.0%
30s	40.9%	12.6%	46.5%
40s	40.1%	12.9%	47.0%
50s 60s	38.1% 36.4%	13.0% 12.8%	48.8% 50.8%
All	38.8%	13.3%	47.9%
All	30.070	2008	41.370
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	26.1%	11.8%	62.2%
30s	33.5%	13.3%	53.2%
40s	33.9%	13.5%	52.6%
50s	32.8%	13.5%	53.6%
60s	32.1%	12.8%	55.1%
All	31.0%	12.9%	56.1%
		2009	
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s 30s	20.4% 27.8%	13.3% 13.9%	66.3% 58.3%
40s	28.8%	13.9%	57.4%
50s	28.7%	13.7%	57.6%
60s	29.4%	13.3%	57.3%
All	25.9%	13.6%	60.5%
		2010	
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	14.8%	10.0%	75.2%
30s	21.2%	11.3%	67.5%
40s 50s	22.7% 22.4%	10.7% 10.1%	66.6% 67.5%
60s	22.3%	9.2%	68.5%
All	19.7%	10.5%	69.8%
		2011	
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	11.6%	10.2%	78.2%
30s	16.8%	10.4%	72.7%
40s	18.4%	10.3%	71.2%
50s	18.2%	9.9%	71.8%
60s All	17.6% 15.8%	8.9% 10.2%	73.5% 74.0%
All	15.0%	2012	74.0%
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	11.3%	8.8%	79.9%
30s	15.5%	10.1%	74.4%
40s	17.3%	9.8%	73.0%
50s	16.9%	9.3%	73.8%
60s	16.4%	8.3%	75.3%
All	14.9%	9.4%	75.7%
Ago Croup	- 0 F0 paraent	2013	- 00 paraont
Age Group 20s	>0–50 percent 11.2%	>50–90 percent 8.1%	>90 percent 80.7%
30s	15.0%	8.9%	76.2%
40s	17.1%	8.3%	74.6%
50s	17.3%	7.9%	74.9%
60s	16.7%	7.5%	75.8%
All	14.7%	8.2%	77.0%
	0.50	2014	
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent
20s	10.4%	7.5%	82.1%
30s 40s	13.4% 14.4%	8.7% 8.2%	77.9% 77.4%
50s	14.4% 14.7%	8.2% 7.4%	77.4% 77.8%
60s	13.9%	6.7%	79.4%
All	12.9%	7.9%	79.2%
	RPI/ICI Participant Directed Poticement Plan		**

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

"The analysis includes the 0.4 million recently hired participants (those with two or fewer years of tenure) holding balanced funds in 1998; the 1.4 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2006; the 2.0 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2008; the 1.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2008; the 1.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2008; the 1.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2010; the 2.3 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2010; the 2.3 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2011; the 2.5 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2.9 million recently hired participants holding balanced funds in 2012; the 2

Note: "Balanced funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in a mix of equities and fixed-income securities.

Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### **Average Loan Balances**

Among participants with outstanding 401(k) loans at the end of 2014, the average unpaid balance was \$7,780, compared with \$7,421 in the year-end 2013 database (Figure 49). The median loan balance outstanding was \$4,239 at year-end 2014, compared with \$3.973 in the year-end 2013 database. Nevertheless, the ratio of the loan outstanding to the remaining account balance decreased slightly, from 12 percent at year-end 2013 to 11 percent at year-end 2014 (Figures 47 and 50). In addition, as in previous years, variation around this average tends to correspond with age (the older the participant, the lower the average), tenure (the higher the tenure of the participant, the lower the average), account balance (the higher the account balance, the lower the average), 51 and salary (the higher the participant's salary, the lower the average) (Figure 50).

Overall, loans from 401(k) plans tended to be small, with a sizable majority of 401(k) participants in all age groups having no loan outstanding at all. For example, 89 percent of participants in their 20s, 74 percent of participants in their 40s, and 87 percent of participants in their 60s had no loans outstanding at year-end 2014 (Figure 51).

	F	igure 38								
	Many Recently Hired	401(k) Participants	Hold							
	-	ns in Target-Date F								
	Percentage of recen	ntly hired 401(k) participar	nts							
	holding the type of	of fund indicated, b, c 2014								
	Percentage of A	ccount Balance Invested in I	Balanced Funds							
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent							
20s	10.4%	7.5%	82.1%							
30s	13.4%	8.7%	77.9%							
40s	14.4%	8.2%	77.4%							
50s	14.7%	7.4%	77.8%							
60s	13.9%	6.7%	79.4%							
All	12.9%	7.9%	79.2%							
	Percentage of Acc	count Balance Invested in Ta	arget-Date Funds <sup>a</sup>							
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent							
Age Group         >0-50 percent         >50-90 percent         >90 percent           20s         8.6%         7.6%         83.8%           30s         11.7%         12.0%         76.4%										
20s     8.6%     7.6%     83.8%       30s     11.7%     12.0%     76.4%										
40s	13.0%	12.5%	74.6%							
50s	12.8%	11.9%	75.4%							
60s	11.7%	11.8%	76.5%							
All	11.1%	10.7%	78.2%							
	Percentage of Account E	Balance Invested in Non-Targ	get-Date Balanced Funds							
Age Group	>0-50 percent	>50-90 percent	>90 percent							
20s	37.5%	8.4%	54.1%							
30s	38.9%	25.1%	35.9%							
40s	34.7%	25.2%	40.1%							
	07.00/	07.00/	05.50/							

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

27.2%

30.1%

22.0%

35.5%

36.5%

41.2%

37.3%

33.4%

36.7%

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

50s

60s

ΑII

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

The analysis includes the 2.8 million recently hired participants (those with two or fewer years of tenure) holding balanced funds in 2014, the 2.4 million recently hired participants holding target-date funds in 2014; and the0.5 million recently hired participants holding non-target-date balanced funds in 2014.

Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

		A P	Figure 39 Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Plan Account Balance to	tion Distr	Figu ibution of	Figure 39 n of 401(k) Pla	an Accoun	t Balance	to		
		Balan	Balanced Funds Among Recently Hired Participants, by Participant Age Percentage of Recently Hired Participants, <sup>a.b</sup> 2014	<b>Among r</b> srcentage o	<b>kecentily H</b> if Recently F	<b>IIred Parti</b> Hired Partic	ds Among Recently Hired Participants, by F Percentage of Recently Hired Participants, <sup>a.b</sup> 2014	y Farticipa 14	int Age		
•				Percenta	age of Account	Balance Inves	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	d Funds			
Age Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	31.9%	1.6%	1.6%	1.5%	1.1%	1.4%	1.8%	1.1%	1.2%	1.0%	%6'29
30s	32.5%	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	1.4%	1.6%	1.9%	1.2%	1.5%	1.3%	52.6%
40s	32.4%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	1.5%	1.6%	1.8%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	52.3%
50s	34.4%	2.3%	2.0%	2.2%	1.4%	1.7%	1.6%	1.0%	1.2%	1.0%	51.1%
809	36.1%	2.3%	1.8%	1.9%	1.3%	1.6%	1.5%	%6:0	1.0%	0.8%	20.7%
All	32.8%	2.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.3%	1.5%	1.8%	1.1%	1.3%	1.1%	53.2%
				Percentag	e of Account B	alance Invest	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-Date Funds $^\circ$	te Funds <sup>c</sup>			
Age Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	39.4%	1.0%	1.0%	1.1%	%6:0	1.2%	1.7%	1.0%	1.0%	%6:0	20.8%
30s	40.3%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	1.2%	1.6%	3.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.0%	45.6%
40s	42.3%	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%	1.3%	1.6%	4.4%	%6.0	1.0%	%6.0	43.0%
50s	43.0%	1.5%	1.4%	1.6%	1.2%	1.6%	4.3%	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%	43.0%
s09	44.6%	1.5%	1.2%	1.4%	1.0%	1.4%	4.4%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	42.4%
All	41.1%	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%	1.1%	1.5%	3.4%	0.9%	1.1%	0.9%	46.1%
			Per	centage of Ac	count Balance	Invested in No	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-Date Balanced Funds	Balanced Fun	sp		
Age Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	91.4%	1.2%	%6:0	%9:0	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	4.7%
30s	88.1%	1.5%	1.2%	%6.0	0.5%	%9:0	2.5%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	4.3%
40s	85.2%	1.5%	1.3%	1.0%	%9.0	%2'0	3.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	2.9%
50s	%2'98	1.5%	1.2%	1.1%	%9.0	%9.0	3.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	4.7%
s09	%6.98	1.4%	1.1%	%6.0	0.5%	0.5%	3.5%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	4.8%
Ψ	88.2%	1.4%	1.1%	%6:0	0.5%	0.5%	2.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	4.9%
Source: Tabulat	ions from EBRI/IC	Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed	cted Retirement Pla	Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.	n Project.						

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project. The analysis includes the 4.1 million recently hired participants (those with two or fewer years of tenure) in 2014.

Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

c A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

	₹ <sup>E</sup>	verage	Asse tly Hir	ed 401	Figure 40  Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age Among Recently Hired 401(k) Plan Participants With Two or Fewer Years of Tenure Percentage of account balances, b 1998 and 2014	Fig 401(k) PI Participa of account	Figure 40 Plan Ac pants W	counts ith Two	s, by F o or F 8 and 20	artici ewer	pant A	ge Amc of Tenu	ng re	
				Bala	Balanced Funds									
						Non-Target-								
	Egu	Equity			Target-date date balan-	date balan-	Bo	Bond	Money	iey	GICs <sup>d</sup> and Other	nd Other	Company	any
Age	Fur	Funds	Tc	Total	$funds_{c}$	ced funds	Fur	Funds	Funds	sp	Stable-Va	Stable-Value Funds	Stock	ck
Group	Group 1998 2014	2014	1998	2014	2014	2014	1998	2014	1998	2014	1998	2014	1998	2014
20s	%6.99	20s 66.9% 29.7%	7.4%	22.0%	47.0%	8.0%	5.1%	4.2%	4.0%	1.0%	3.7%	1.2%	10.5%	3.6%
30s	82.29	67.8% 37.1%	8.0%	46.9%	39.6%	7.3%	5.1%	2.7%	4.1%	1.2%	3.2%	1.6%	9.4%	2.6%
40s		64.5% 39.6%	9.7%	41.6%	34.3%	7.3%	2.9%	7.3%	5.1%	1.6%	4.4%	1.7%	8.0%	2.6%
20s	%9.09	60.5% 37.8%		11.3% 36.9%	31.1%	2.8%	%9.9	10.6%	2.9%	1.9%	%2'9	3.5%	6.5%	2.6%
s09		50.0% 34.7%	12.1%	31.9%	27.1%	4.8%	8.7%	15.7%	7.8%	2.3%	13.3%	3.7%	2.7%	2.0%
All	64.8%	All 64.8% 36.9%		9.1% 41.5%	34.9%	6.6%	2.7%	8.6%	4.9% 1.6%	1.6%	4.6%	2.4%	8.6%	2.6%
					ĺ									

The analysis is based on samples of 1.2 million participants with two or fewer years of tenure in 1998 and 4.1 million participants with two or fewer years of tenure in 2014. Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Minor investment options are not shown; therefore, row percentages will not add to 100 percent. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

			3
	¥	8–2014	
	ly Hired 401(k) Participants Tend to Be Less Likely to Hold Company Stock	of recently hired participants offered and holding company stock, by participant age, 1998–2014	,
	compa	icipant a	0
	Hold (	by part	0
	cely to	stock,	
	ess Lik	ompany	0
1) - -	Be L	olding c	
rigure 4	Fend to	d and h	L
	oants <sup>7</sup>	ts offere	•
	Particil	rticipant	
	101(K)	hired pa	
	Hired 4	ecently	000
	ecently	a)	
	Rec	Percentage	0007
		_	000

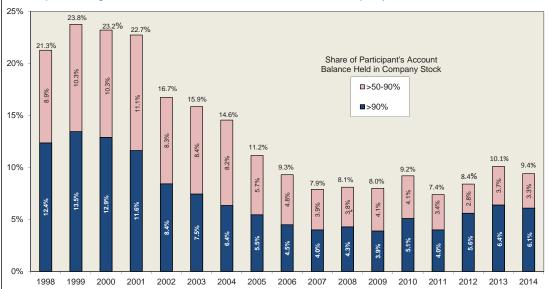
Age Group 1998 1999	p 1998	1999	2000 2001	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2014
20s	%8.09	60.8% 61.1% 60.5% 58.1%	%9.09	58.1%	23.9%	49.6%	49.8%	45.4%	6 40.0% 3	35.4%	32.9%	32.3%	30.3%	6 26.2% 23	23.0%	27.9%	26.9%
30s	61.9%	61.9% 62.3% 61.6%	61.6%	%0.09	57.2%	53.3%	52.3%	47.6%	, 43.6%	40.4%	40.4% 37.4%	36.2%	33.6%	30.0%	26.4%	30.7%	29.2%
40s	29.8%	%9.09 %8.69	29.5%	28.8%	25.9%	52.6%	52.0%	47.3%	43.6%	40.7%	37.9%	37.0%	34.4%	31.4%	27.5%	31.3%	29.1%
50s	22.6%	28.8%	57.4%	22.9%	53.9%	51.2%	49.5%	45.2%	42.3%	39.6%	37.8%	37.6%	34.4%	31.3%	26.9%	30.8%	29.1%
809	54.1%	22.5%	23.6%	22.7%	51.0%	49.5%	47.8%	43.9%	40.4%	38.4%	38.7%	40.5%	36.8%	30.8%	26.7%	30.0%	27.6%
ΑII	%9.09	60.5% 61.0% 60.0% 58.7%	%0.09	28.7%	25.3%	51.6%	51.0%	46.3%	42.0%	38.7%	36.2%	35.5%	33.0%	29.3%	25.7%	29.9%	28.3%
Course Tak	Oliros: Tabulations from EB DI/ICI Barticipant-Directed	JW EB DIVIC	'I Dartinina	nt-Director	Potiromon	+ Dian Dat	Petirement Plan Data Collection Project	Droiont									

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: The analysis includes 401(k) plan participants with two or fewer years of tenure in the year indicated and in a plan offering company stock as an investment option.

Figure 42
New 401(k) Participants Tend Not to Hold
High Concentrations in Company Stock

Percentage of recently hired participants offered company stock holding the percentage of their account balance indicated in company stock, 1998–2014



Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: The analysis includes 401(k) plan participants with two or fewer years of tenure in the year indicated and in a plan offering company stock as an investment option.

Figure 43

## Asset Allocation Distribution of Recently Hired 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Company Stock in 401(k) Plans With Company Stock, by Participant Age

Percentage of recently hired participants in plans offering company stock as an investment option, <sup>a,b</sup> 2014

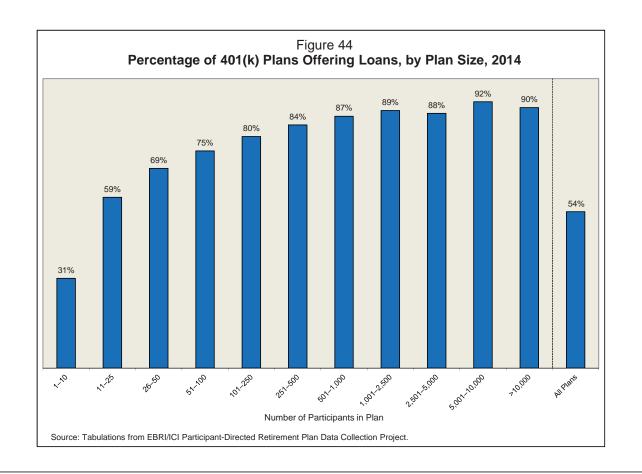
Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Company Stock

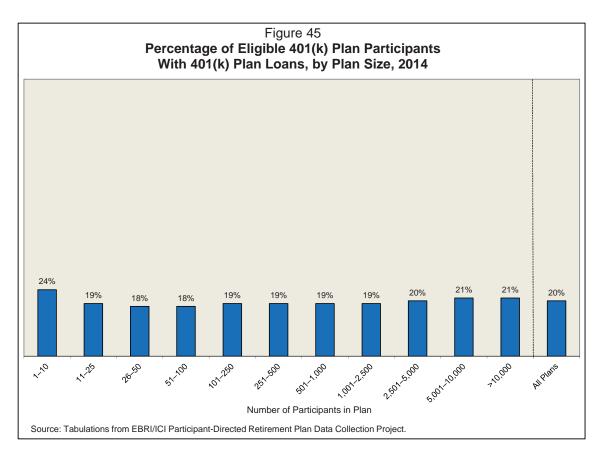
Age											
Group	Zero	1-10%	11-20%	21-30%	31-40%	41-50%	51-60%	61-70%	71-80%	81-90%	91-100%
20s	73.1%	4.3%	4.4%	3.5%	2.5%	1.7%	1.8%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	6.8%
30s	70.8%	6.1%	5.5%	4.1%	2.5%	1.8%	1.6%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	5.8%
40s	70.9%	6.3%	5.5%	4.1%	2.6%	1.8%	1.5%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	5.5%
50s	70.9%	6.6%	5.2%	4.3%	2.6%	1.7%	1.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%	5.7%
60s	72.4%	6.1%	4.6%	3.9%	2.2%	1.7%	1.4%	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%	6.3%
All	71.7%	5.6%	5.0%	3.9%	2.5%	1.8%	1.6%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	6.1%

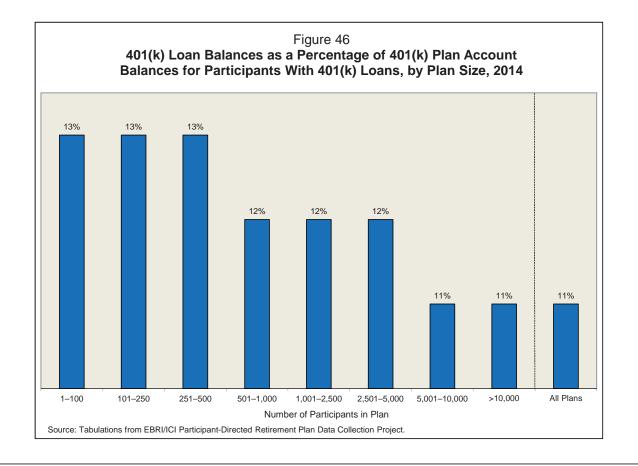
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

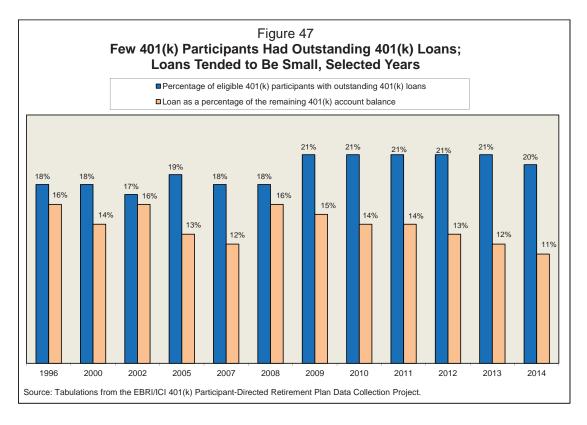
<sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 1.2 million participants with two or fewer years of tenure in 2014 and in plans offering company stock as an investment option.

Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

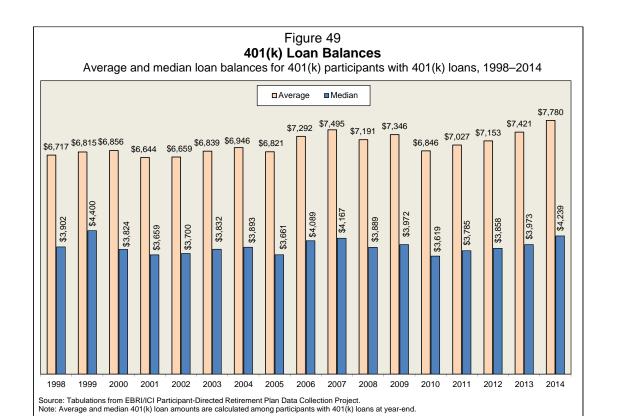








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	,04	1(k) Lo	401(k) Loan Activity Varied Across 401(k) Plan Participants	itv Vari	ed Across	40 SS 401	(k) Plar	ו Partici	pants			
	. Ž	Percent	Percentage of Eligible 401(k) Participants With 401(k) Loans, by Participant Age Tenure Account Size or Salary Selected Years	ligible 40	11(k) Par	ticipants	With 40	1(k) Loar Selected	JS,			
	1996	2000	2002	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
All	18%	18%	17%	19%	18%	18%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%	20%
Age Group												
20s	12%	11%	10%	11%	10%	10%	13%	13%	13%	13%	12%	11%
30s	20%	19%	18%	20%	20%	20%	23%	23%	22%	23%	23%	22%
40s	22%	21%	20%	22%	22%	22%	79%	79%	72%	%97	27%	79%
50s	17%	17%	17%	19%	19%	19%	22%	22%	22%	23%	23%	23%
s09	%6	%6	%6	10%	10%	11%	12%	13%	13%	14%	14%	13%
Tenure (years)												
0-2	%9	2%	4%	2%	%2	%9	%6	%/	2%	%9	%6	%6
>2-5	15%	14%	12%	14%	15%	15%	17%	18%	18%	18%	19%	19%
>5-10	24%	23%	21%	22%	23%	23%	72%	27%	%97	27%	28%	79%
>10-20	27%	79%	792	79%	792	76%	78%	78%	78%	30%	30%	28%
>20-30	25%	79%	25%	24%	24%	25%	27%	79%	79%	28%	28%	79%
>30	13%	16%	15%	17%	17%	18%	19%	19%	19%	20%	20%	18%
Account Size												
<\$10,000	12%	11%	11%	12%	11%	12%	16%	16%	15%	15%	14%	13%
\$10,000-\$20,000	76%	23%	22%	76%	72%	%97	28%	78%	30%	30%	30%	28%
>\$20,000-\$30,000	76%	25%	22%	27%	76%	%97	28%	78%	30%	31%	31%	30%
>\$30,000-\$40,000	722%	25%	23%	76%	76%	76%	28%	28%	78%	30%	31%	30%
>\$40,000-\$50,000	24%	25%	23%	72%	%97	72%	27%	27%	27%	78%	30%	78%
>\$50,000-\$60,000	24%	24%	22%	24%	72%	24%	25%	76%	76%	28%	79%	28%
>\$60,000-\$70,000	23%	24%	22%	23%	24%	23%	72%	72%	72%	27%	28%	27%
>\$70,000-\$80,000	76%	23%	22%	22%	23%	22%	24%	24%	24%	76%	27%	27%
>\$80,000-\$90,000	23%	23%	21%	21%	23%	21%	23%	23%	23%	72%	%97	76%
>\$90,000-\$100,000	22%	22%	21%	20%	22%	20%	23%	25%	22%	24%	%97	25%
>\$100,000—\$200,000	22%	20%	19%	18%	19%	18%	19%	19%	19%	21%	23%	23%
>\$200,000	18%	15%	13%	13%	13%	12%	13%	12%	12%	13%	15%	14%
Salary Range												
\$20,000-\$40,000	18%	17%	13%	19%	20%	19%	24%	22%	25%	25%	21%	23%
>\$40,000-\$60,000	20%	23%	21%	79%	28%	27%	30%	79%	79%	28%	27%	28%
>\$60,000-\$80,000	18%	23%	20%	24%	24%	24%	79%	23%	22%	25%	22%	24%
>\$80,000-\$100,000	17%	21%	17%	22%	21%	20%	23%	20%	19%	21%	19%	21%
>\$100,000	14%	16%	13%	16%	14%	14%	16%	14%	14%	16%	15%	16%
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.  Note: The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401 (k) plan	CI Participant	t-Directed Re rorking at cur	stirement Plan rent employer	Data Collect	ion Project.	rears of partic	cipation in the	3 401(k) plan.				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5	,		d)	2 2 2 2 2 2						



## Figure 50 401(k) Loan Amounts Varied Across 401(k) Participants

401(k) Loan Balances as a Percentage of 401(k) Plan Account Balances for Participants With Loans, by Participant Age, Tenure, Account Size, or Salary, Selected Years

					•	•						
	1996	2000	2002	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
All	16%	14%	16%	13%	12%	16%	15%	14%	14%	13%	12%	11%
Age Group												
20s	30%	30%	28%	24%	25%	29%	26%	24%	26%	25%	26%	26%
30s	22%	20%	22%	19%	19%	25%	22%	20%	21%	20%	19%	18%
40s	16%	15%	16%	13%	13%	18%	16%	15%	16%	15%	13%	13%
50s	12%	11%	12%	10%	10%	13%	12%	11%	11%	11%	10%	9%
60s	10%	9%	10%	8%	8%	11%	10%	9%	9%	9%	8%	8%
Tenure (years)												
0–2	27%	24%	27%	23%	21%	25%	22%	19%	21%	22%	17%	16%
>2-5	24%	25%	25%	21%	22%	26%	23%	20%	21%	21%	19%	18%
>5–10	23%	21%	23%	19%	18%	24%	20%	19%	20%	18%	17%	16%
>10–20	15%	14%	16%	13%	13%	17%	16%	14%	15%	14%	12%	12%
>20–30	11%	10%	11%	9%	8%	12%	11%	9%	10%	9%	8%	8%
>30	7%	8%	10%	8%	7%	9%	9%	7%	7%	7%	6%	6%
Account Size												
<\$10,000	39%	39%	37%	35%	36%	39%	39%	35%	37%	38%	41%	42%
\$10,000-\$20,000	32%	32%	31%	29%	30%	33%	31%	28%	30%	30%	31%	32%
>\$20,000-\$30,000	28%	28%	28%	25%	26%	29%	27%	25%	27%	26%	27%	28%
>\$30,000-\$40,000	23%	24%	25%	22%	23%	26%	25%	23%	24%	24%	24%	24%
>\$40,000-\$50,000	22%	21%	22%	20%	21%	24%	22%	20%	21%	21%	21%	21%
>\$50,000-\$60,000	19%	19%	20%	18%	19%	21%	21%	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%
>\$60,000-\$70,000	16%	17%	18%	16%	17%	19%	19%	17%	18%	17%	17%	17%
>\$70,000-\$80,000	16%	15%	16%	15%	16%	18%	17%	16%	16%	16%	16%	16%
>\$80,000-\$90,000	14%	14%	15%	14%	14%	16%	16%	15%	15%	15%	14%	14%
>\$90,000-\$100,000	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	15%	15%	14%	14%	14%	13%	13%
>\$100,000-\$200,000	10%	9%	10%	9%	10%	11%	11%	10%	11%	10%	10%	10%
>\$200,000	5%	5%	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%
Salary Range												
\$20,000-40,000	17%	19%	18%	18%	17%	21%	19%	17%	17%	17%	16%	14%
>\$40,000-\$60,000	17%	16%	16%	16%	15%	19%	17%	15%	16%	15%	13%	12%
>\$60,000-\$80,000	15%	13%	14%	13%	12%	17%	14%	13%	13%	13%	11%	11%
>\$80,000-\$100,000	14%	12%	12%	11%	11%	14%	12%	11%	12%	11%	10%	10%
>\$100,000	14%	10%	10%	9%	9%	11%	10%	9%	9%	9%	7%	7%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: The tenure variable is generally years working at current employer, and thus may overstate years of participation in the 401(k) plan.

<b>Loans</b> Percentage			s Tended									
401(k) Loan as a Percentage of Remaining 401(k) Plan			Age (	Group								
Account Balance	20s	30s	40s	50s	60s	All						
Zero	89%	78%	74%	77%	87%	80%						
1–10%	2%	6%	9%	10%	6%	7%						
10% 2% 6% 9% 10% 6% 7% 10%-10%-20% 2% 4% 5% 5% 2% 4%												
>20-30%	1%	3%	3%	3%	1%	3%						
>30-80%	4%	7%	7%	5%	2%	5%						
>80%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%						

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#### **Endnotes**

<sup>1</sup> For data on 401(k) plan assets, participants, and plans through 2013, see U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2015c and 2015d. For total retirement assets (including those in 401(k) plans) through the end of 2015, see Investment Company Institute 2016. For a discussion of trends between defined benefit (DB) and defined contribution (DC) plans, see Poterba, Venti, and Wise 2007; Holden, Brady, and Hadley 2006; Brady and Bogdan 2010 and 2014; and Brady, Burham, and Holden 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Before 2005, the U.S. Department of Labor private pension plan bulletins reported a count of active 401(k) plan participants that had been adjusted from the number of active participants actually reported in the Form 5500 filings to exclude: (1) individuals eligible to participate in a 401(k) plan who had not elected to have their employers make contributions; and (2) nonvested former employees who had not (at the time the Form 5500 filings were submitted) incurred the break-in service period established by their plan (see U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2012a for further detail). This change in methodology results in a dramatic increase in the number of individuals reported as active participants in 401(k) plans; in 2004, the number of active participants increased to 53.1 million (new method) from 44.4 million (old method; see U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2015d). As the U.S. Department of Labor notes: "In a purely economic sense and for research purposes, individuals in these groups should not be included in the count of active participants." However, the form schedule needed to make the adjustment is no longer required. Using National Compensation Survey data and historical relationships and trends evident in the Form 5500 data, EBRI and ICI estimate the number of active 401(k) participants to be about 55 million in 2014 and the number of 401(k) plans to be about 535,000. The estimate of the number of active 401(k) plan participants is based on a combination of data from U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015; and U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2012a, 2012b, 2012c, 2012d, 2012e, 2014, 2015a, 2015b, and 2015c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Investment Company Institute 2016. At year-end 2015, 401(k) plans had \$4.7 trillion in assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Employee Benefit Research Institute (EBRI) is a nonprofit, nonpartisan, public policy research organization that does not lobby or take positions on legislative proposals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Investment Company Institute (ICI) is a leading, global association of regulated funds, including mutual funds, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), closed-end funds, and unit investment trusts (UITs) in the United States, and similar funds offered to investors in jurisdictions worldwide. ICI seeks to encourage adherence to high ethical standards, promote public understanding, and otherwise advance the interests of funds, their shareholders, directors, and advisers. ICI's U.S. fund members manage total assets of \$16.9 trillion and serve more than 90 million U.S. shareholders (see Burham, Bogdan, and Schrass 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This update extends previous findings from the project for 1996 through 2013. For year-end 2013 results, see Holden et al. 2014. Results for earlier years are available in earlier issues of *ICI Research Perspective* (<a href="www.ici.org/research/perspective">www.ici.org/research/perspective</a>) and *EBRI Issue Brief* (<a href="www.ebri.org/publications/ib">www.ebri.org/publications/ib</a>).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The EBRI/ICI 401(k) database environment is certified to be fully compliant with the ISO-27002 Information Security Audit standard. Moreover, EBRI has obtained a legal opinion that the methodology used meets the privacy standards of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. At no time has any nonpublic personal information that is personally identifiable, such as a Social Security number, been transferred to or shared with EBRI.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Account balances are net of unpaid loan balances. Thus, unpaid loan balances are not included in any of the eight asset categories described.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The cross-sectional analysis for this publication found that consolidating the multiple accounts across a majority of the providers to the single individual owning them resulted in an overall increase of 4.5 percent in the average 401(k) plan account balance. This statistic should be interpreted with caution, as it may not represent the total 401(k) assets owned by

the individual. The impact of account consolidation varied with the participant's age and tenure with the current employer. The largest increases in average account balance occurred among older participants with fewer years of tenure. For example, among participants in their 60s with two or fewer years of tenure, the average account balance increased 12 percent with the consolidation of their multiple accounts. Among participants in their 50s or 60s with more than 30 years of tenure, the average account balance increased 4 percent with the consolidation of their multiple accounts. Future joint research with this feature will explore the longitudinal aspects of this consolidation in more detail.

- This system of classification does not consider the number of distinct investment options presented to a given participant, but rather the types of options presented. Preliminary research analyzing 1.4 million participants drawn from the 2000 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database suggests that the sheer number of investment options presented does not influence participants. On average, participants have 10.4 distinct options but, on average, choose only 2.5 (Holden and VanDerhei 2001b). In addition, the preliminary analysis found that 401(k) participants are not naive—that is, when given *n* options, they do not divide their assets among all *n*. Indeed, less than 1 percent of participants followed a 1/*n* asset allocation strategy. Plan Sponsor Council of America 2015 indicates that in 2014, the average number of investment fund options available for participant contributions was 19 among the nearly 600 plans surveyed. Deloitte Consulting LLP, International Foundation of Employee Benefit Plans, and the International Society of Certified Employee Benefit Specialists 2015 report that the average number of funds offered by the nearly 400 401(k) plan sponsors surveyed was 22 in 2015. BrightScope and Investment Company Institute 2015 reports an average of 27 investment options in 2013, and an average of 21 investment options when a target date fund suite is counted as a single investment option.
- <sup>11</sup> The asset allocation path that the target-date fund follows to shift its focus from growth to income over time is typically referred to as the glide path. Because discussions of asset allocation usually focus on the percentage of the portfolio invested in equities, the glide path generally reflects the declining percentage of equities in the portfolio as it approaches and passes the target date, which is usually indicated in the fund's name. The target date generally is the date at which the typical investor for whom that fund is designed would reach retirement age and stop making new investments in the fund.
- <sup>12</sup> Lifestyle funds maintain a predetermined risk level and generally use words such as "conservative," "moderate," or "aggressive" in their name to indicate the fund's risk level. Lifestyle funds generally are included in the non–target-date balanced fund category.
- <sup>13</sup> GICs are insurance company products that guarantee a specific rate of return on the invested capital over the life of the contract.
- <sup>14</sup> Other stable-value funds include synthetic GICs, which consist of a portfolio of fixed-income securities "wrapped" with a guarantee (typically by an insurance company or a bank) to provide benefit payments according to the plan at book value.
- <sup>15</sup> Some recordkeepers supplying data were unable to provide complete asset allocation detail on certain pooled asset classes for one or more of their clients. The final EBRI/ICI 401(k) database includes only plans for which at least 90 percent of all plan assets could be identified. In addition, some recordkeepers may provide additional detail over time with a lag; in 2014, additional information for some balanced funds resulted in their reclassification into target-date funds. Incidence of target-date fund use and investment in target-date funds was revised upward from 2007 forward, while incidence of non–target-date fund use and investment was revised downward (see Figures A1 through A4).
- <sup>16</sup> The number of participants in the 2014 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database is lower than in the 2013 database because of the reclassification of approximately 2.2 million active participant accounts to inactive accounts.
- <sup>17</sup> For 401(k) asset figures, see Investment Company Institute 2016.
- <sup>18</sup> Estimates of the number of 401(k) plans and active participants are based on a combination of data from U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration reports. See discussion in endnote 2.

- <sup>21</sup> Because of these changes in the cross sections, comparing average account balances across different year-end cross-sectional snapshots can lead to false conclusions. For example, newly formed plans would tend to pull down the average account balance, but would tell us nothing about consistently participating workers. Similarly, the aggregate average account balance would tend to be pulled down if a large number of participants retired.
- <sup>22</sup> Tabulations of the Survey of Consumer Finances reveal that about half of traditional IRA assets in 2013 resulted from rollovers from employer-sponsored retirement plans.
- <sup>23</sup> At year-end 2014, 1.6 percent of the participants in the database were missing a birth date entry, were younger than 20, or were older than 69. They were not included in this analysis.
- <sup>24</sup> At year-end 2014, 10.3 percent of the participants in the database were missing a date of hire entry and were not included in this analysis.
- <sup>25</sup> The positive correlation between tenure and account balance is expected because long-term employees have had more time to accumulate an account balance. However, a rollover from a previous employer's plan could interfere with this positive correlation because a rollover could give a short-tenured employee a high account balance. There is some discernible evidence of rollover assets among the participants with account balances greater than \$100,000, as 2 percent of them had two or fewer years of tenure, and 6 percent of them had between two and five years of tenure (see Figure 12).
- <sup>26</sup> Because 401(k) plans were introduced nearly 35 years ago, older and longer-tenured employees would not have participated in 401(k) plans for their entire careers. The Revenue Act of 1978 contained a provision that became Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The law went into effect on January 1, 1980, but it was not until November 1981 that proposed regulations were issued (see Holden, Brady, and Hadley 2006; Employee Benefit Research Institute 2005; and U.S. Internal Revenue Service 1981).
- <sup>27</sup> Low account balances among this group can be explained in two possible ways: (1) their employer's 401(k) plan has only recently been established (76 percent of all 401(k)-type plans in existence in 2013 were established after 1994 [tabulations of U.S. Department of Labor Form 5500 data for 2013]), or (2) the employee only recently joined the plan (whether on his or her own or through automatic enrollment). In either event, job tenure would not accurately reflect actual 401(k) plan participation.
- <sup>28</sup> It is possible that these older, longer-tenured workers accumulated DC plan assets (e.g., in a profit-sharing plan) before the introduction of 401(k) plan features. However, such DC plan arrangements generally did not permit employee contributions and often were designed to be supplemental to other employer plans. Participants' account balances that predate the 401(k) plan are not included in this analysis, which focuses on 401(k) balance amounts.
- <sup>29</sup> Social Security replaces a much higher fraction of preretirement earnings for lower-income workers. For example, the first-year replacement rate (mean scheduled Social Security first-year benefits as a percentage of average inflation-indexed career earnings for retired workers in the 1960–1969 birth cohort [individuals aged 46 to 55 in 2015]) decreased as income increased. The mean replacement rate for the lowest lifetime household earnings quintile was 86 percent; for the middle quintile, the mean Social Security replacement rate was 55 percent; and for the highest quintile, it was 33 percent. See "Alt. Replacement Rate B" in Congressional Budget Office 2015b. For additional discussion, see Brady and Bogdan 2014 and Brady, Burham, and Holden 2012.
- <sup>30</sup> The ratio of 401(k) plan account balance (at the current employer) to salary alone is not an indicator of preparedness for retirement, nor is it the only measure that can be used to judge retirement readiness or savings adequacy (see Brady,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The latest available data from the U.S. Department of Labor are for plan year 2013 (see U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2015c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> For an analysis of the changes in account balances of consistent participants in the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database in the wake of the financial crisis (over the six-year period from year-end 2007 to year-end 2013), see Holden et al. 2015.

Burham, and Holden 2012). A complete analysis of preparedness for retirement would require estimating projected balances at retirement by also considering retirement income from Social Security, defined benefit plans, IRAs, and other DC plans, possibly from previous employment (for example, see VanDerhei 2014). For references to other such research, see MacDonald and Moore 2011 and Holden and VanDerhei 2005. For an analysis of the possible impact of automatic increases in participants' contribution rates in automatic enrollment plans, see VanDerhei and Copeland 2008, VanDerhei 2010, and VanDerhei and Lucas 2010. For a discussion of the variety of factors (e.g., taxes, savings, mortgages, children) that affect replacement rates, see Brady 2010. For analysis of the impact of changes in Social Security on retirement patterns, see Gustman and Steinmeier 2008 and 2013. For a discussion of the variety of measures that can be used to evaluate Americans' retirement readiness, see Brady, Burham, and Holden 2012. For simulation results showing the contributions of employer-sponsored retirement plans and Social Security to income in retirement, see Brady 2016.

- <sup>31</sup> The tendency of the account balance-to-salary ratio to peak at higher salary levels and then fall off likely reflects the influence of two competing forces. First, empirical research suggests that higher earners tend to contribute higher percentages of salary; therefore, one would expect the ratio of account balance to salary to rise with salary. However, tax code contribution limits and nondiscrimination rules, which aim to ensure that employees of all income ranges attain the benefits of the 401(k) plan, constrain the ability of high-income individuals to save in the plan. See Holden and VanDerhei 2001c for a complete discussion of EBRI/ICI findings and other research on the relationship between contribution rates and salary. For an analysis of 401(k) participants' contribution activity during the bear market of 2000 to 2002, see Holden and VanDerhei 2004c. For summary statistics on contribution activity in 2014, see Utkus and Young 2015 and Aon Hewitt 2015.
- <sup>32</sup> At year-end 2014, 60 percent of non-target-date balanced mutual fund assets were assumed to be invested in equities (see Investment Company Institute, Quarterly Supplementary Data). Allocation to equities in target-date funds is assumed to vary with investor age. Asset allocation to equities for target-date funds was based on Morningstar analysis of target-date fund asset allocation (see Morningstar 2015b and note 39 for additional discussion).
- <sup>33</sup> Other research suggests that most 401(k) participants do not make active changes to their asset allocations during any given year. For example, an ICI survey of recordkeepers covering more than 25 million DC plan participant accounts found that 10.5 percent of DC plan participants changed the asset allocation of their account balances in 2014 and 6.6 percent changed the asset allocation of their contributions during 2014 (see Holden and Schrass 2015). Analyzing 2014 data, Utkus and Young 2015 reported that "only 10 [percent] of DC plan participants traded within their accounts." Similarly, Utkus and Young 2012 reported that "only 11 [percent] of DC plan participants traded in their accounts" in 2011, down from 16 percent in 2008, making it at that time "the lowest level observed" since they began tracking the data in 1999. Aon Hewitt 2015 found that 15 percent of participants traded in their accounts in 2014. Furthermore, Choi et al. 2001 found that 401(k) participants rarely made changes after the initial point of enrollment. (For household survey results from fall 2015 reflecting households' sentiment toward and confidence in 401(k) plans, see Holden, Burham, Bogdan, and Schrass 2016.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> For the age distribution of 401(k) plan participants and assets at year-end 2014, see Figure 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> See endnote 11 for additional detail on target-date funds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Additional information for some balanced funds resulted in their reclassification into target-date funds. Incidence of target-date fund use and investment in target-date funds was revised upward from 2007 forward, while incidence of non-target date fund use and investment was revised downward. For example, the year-end 2013 share of target-date funds was revised from 15 percent (see Holden et al. 2014) to 17 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> For an analysis tracking target-ate fund use and the persistence of their use from 2007 through 2009, see Copeland 2011. For an analysis of target-date fund use among defaulted and non-defaulted 401(k) plan participants, see Mitchell and Utkus 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Target-date funds often are used as the default investment in automatic enrollment plans and in plans' investment lineups (see Plan Sponsor Council of America 2015). At year-end 2014, 68 percent of target-date mutual fund assets were held in DC plans (see Investment Company Institute 2015). Plan Sponsor Council of America 20165reported an increase in the incidence

of automatic enrollment in 2014. Of the nearly 600 plans surveyed, 52.4 percent had automatic enrollment in 2014, compared with 50.2 percent in 2013, 39.6 percent in 2008, and 10.5 percent in 2004. Utkus and Young 2015 reports that 36 percent of DC plans in their recordkeeping system in 2014 offer automatic enrollment, up from 34 percent in 2013. In the EBRI/ICI 401(k) database additional information for some balanced funds resulted in their reclassification into target-date funds. The availability of target-date funds was revised upward from 2007 forward (see Figure A2 in the appendix).

<sup>39</sup> At year-end 2014, 60 percent of non-target-date balanced fund assets were assumed to be invested in equities (see Investment Company Institute, Quarterly Supplementary Data). The allocation to equities in target-date funds varies with the funds' target dates. For target-date funds, investors were assumed to be in a fund whose target date was nearest to their 65th birthday. The equity portion was estimated using the industry average equity percentage for the assigned target-date fund calculated using the Morningstar Lifecycle Allocation Indexes (see Morningstar 2015b). For the average 401(k) plan asset allocation to equities (through equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds) by participant age, see Figure 21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> See endnote 36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> For year-end 2013 data, see Holden et al. 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> See endnote 36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> See endnote 36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> See Holden et al. 2008; Holden, VanDerhei, and Alonso 2009; Holden, VanDerhei, and Alonso 2010; and Holden et al. 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 for data for earlier years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> For year-end 1998 data, see Holden, VanDerhei, and Quick 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> In the database, 401(k) plan participants' holdings of, and concentration in, company stock have tended to decline. In the wake of the collapse of Enron in 2001, participants' awareness of the need to diversify may have increased and some plan sponsors may have changed plan design (see VanDerhei 2002). In addition, some of this movement may be the result of regulations put in place by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA), which limited the length of time participants could be required to hold company stock contributed to their accounts by their employer; specified rules regarding the notification of blackout periods; and required quarterly statements that must include a notice highlighting the importance of diversification (see U.S. Joint Committee on Taxation 2006).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Plan-specific information on loan provisions is available for the majority of the plans in the sample (including virtually all of the small plans). Some plans without this information are classified as having a loan provision if any participant in the plan has an outstanding loan balance. This may understate the number of plans offering loans (or participants eligible for loans) because some plans may have offered a plan loan, but no participant had taken out a loan. It is likely that this omission is small, as U.S. Government Accountability Office 1997 found that more than 95 percent of 401(k) plans that offer loans had at least one plan participant with an outstanding loan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> For a complete time series of the percentage of eligible 401(k) participants with outstanding 401(k) loans and loan amounts as a percentage of the remaining 401(k) plan account balance, see Holden et al. 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> The percentage of 401(k) participants with 401(k) loans outstanding across all participants both with and without 401(k) plan loan access was similar in earlier years. For example, from 2010 through 2013, this measure was 18 percent; in 2009, 19 percent; in 2008, 16 percent; in 2007, 16 percent; and in 2006, 15 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> In plan year 2013 (latest data available), only 1.5 percent of the \$4.2 trillion in 401(k) plan assets were participant loans. See Table D7 in U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration 2015c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> This pattern is driven in part by restrictions placed on loan amounts.

		Averag	je Asset Alloca	tion of 4	• •	lan Accounts,		ant Age		
Age	Equity	Lifecycle	Non-Lifecycle	Bond	Money	nt balances, 200 GICs <sup>b</sup> /Stable	Company			
Group	Funds	Funds <sup>a</sup>	Balanced Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock	Other	Unknown	Total <sup>c</sup>
20s	48.1%	14.1%	8.9%	6.6%	3.7%	5.9%	8.4%	1.3%	2.7%	100%
30s	56.8%	9.5%	7.2%	6.9%	3.0%	4.9%	8.9%	1.7%	1.0%	100%
40s	54.0%	7.5%	7.5%	7.1%	3.3%	6.8%	10.7%	2.0%	0.8%	100%
50s	45.9%	7.2%	8.3%	8.6%	4.3%	11.3%	11.5%	2.2%	0.6%	100%
60s	38.5%	6.6%	8.3%	10.4%	5.9%	17.9%	9.7%	2.1%	0.5%	100%
All	48.2%	7.5%	7.9%	8.2%	4.2%	10.6%	10.6%	2.1%	0.7%	100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

		Averaç	ge Asset Alloca Perce	tion of 4		0		ant Age		
Age	Equity	Lifecycle	Non-lifecycle	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>b</sup> /Stable-	Company			
Group	Funds	Funds <sup>a</sup>	Balanced Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock	Other	Unknown	Total <sup>c</sup>
20s	38.0%	15.8%	12.3%	9.3%	5.5%	8.4%	7.8%	1.3%	1.3%	100%
30s	47.0%	9.3%	8.7%	10.3%	5.2%	7.4%	8.7%	1.9%	1.4%	100%
40s	44.1%	7.0%	8.1%	10.9%	5.7%	10.4%	10.1%	2.3%	1.2%	100%
50s	35.2%	6.4%	8.1%	12.7%	7.3%	16.2%	10.5%	2.5%	0.9%	100%
60s	28.0%	5.6%	7.6%	14.5%	9.4%	23.2%	8.4%	2.6%	0.7%	100%
All	37.4%	6.8%	8.1%	12.3%	7.1%	15.2%	9.7%	2.4%	1.0%	100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

		Average		ation of 4		gure A1 <b>Ian Accounts,</b> nt balances, 200	-	ant Age		
		١	Non-Target-dat	te						
Age	Equity	Target-date	Balanced	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>b</sup> /Stable-	Company			
Group	Funds	Funds <sup>a</sup>	Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock	Other	Unknown	Total <sup>c</sup>
20s	38.3%	24.6%	9.7%	7.7%	3.5%	5.5%	7.2%	1.4%	2.1%	100%
30s	48.2%	14.1%	7.1%	9.1%	3.8%	5.7%	7.9%	2.1%	2.1%	100%
40s	47.2%	10.2%	6.8%	9.8%	4.2%	8.1%	9.3%	2.6%	1.8%	100%
50s	39.0%	8.9%	6.9%	11.9%	5.4%	13.2%	10.2%	2.9%	1.5%	100%
60s	32.3%	7.8%	6.8%	13.8%	7.3%	19.6%	8.3%	2.9%	1.2%	100%
All	40.6%	9.8%	6.9%	11 4%	5.3%	12 4%	9.3%	2.7%	1.6%	100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an increasingly conservative portfolio as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an increasingly conservative portfolio as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

## Appendix Figure A1 Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age

Percentage of account balances, a 2010

	t-date

		-								
	Equity	Target-date	Balanced	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>c</sup> /Stable-	Company			
Age Grou	Funds	Funds <sup>b</sup>	Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock	Other	Unknown	Total a
20s	36.9%	28.7%	8.7%	7.2%	2.6%	4.4%	6.7%	1.6%	3.3%	100%
30s	47.5%	16.6%	6.7%	8.8%	3.1%	4.9%	7.0%	2.3%	3.2%	100%
40s	48.0%	12.0%	6.3%	9.8%	3.5%	6.7%	7.9%	2.8%	2.9%	100%
50s	40.3%	10.6%	6.6%	12.2%	4.6%	11.2%	8.7%	3.2%	2.7%	100%
60s	34.1%	9.5%	6.6%	14.7%	6.2%	16.5%	7.0%	2.9%	2.5%	100%
All	42.0%	11.7%	6.6%	11.6%	4.4%	10.3%	8.0%	2.9%	2.6%	100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

#### Appendix Figure A1 Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age Percentage of account balances, a 2011 Non-Target-date GICs<sup>c,d</sup>/Stable-Equity Target-date Balanced Bond Money Company Funds<sup>b</sup> Total<sup>a</sup> Funds Funds Value Funds Stock Unknown Age Grou Funds Funds Other 20s 32.8% 34.2% 8.3% 7.4% 2.3% 3.9% 6.4% 1.9% 2.8% 100% 30s 43.8% 20.6% 6.8% 9.0% 3.0% 4.9% 7.0% 2.5% 2.6% 100% 40s 45.5% 14.8% 6.1% 10.0% 3.5% 6.8% 8.2% 3.0% 2.2% 100% 50s 37.9% 12.7% 6.4% 12.5% 4.5% 11.6% 3 4% 2.0% 100% 9.1% 6.3% 15.0% 6.1% 17.0% 2.0% 100% 11.5% 7.3% 14.1% 6.4% 11.9% 10.8% 8.2% 3.1% 1.9% 100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

	Appendix Figure A1										
	Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age										
	Percentage of account balances, a 2012										
		١	Non-Target-Date	9							
	Equity	Target-Date	Balanced	Bond	Money	GICs <sup>c,d</sup> /Stable-	Company				
Age Grou	Funds	Funds <sup>b, c</sup>	Funds	Funds	Funds	Value Funds	Stock <sup>c</sup>	Other	Unknown	Total <sup>a</sup>	
20s	30.7%	38.4%	7.7%	6.4%	1.9%	3.1%	5.5%	3.4%	3.0%	100%	
30s	42.4%	23.8%	6.4%	8.4%	2.8%	4.2%	6.1%	3.1%	2.8%	100%	
40s	45.3%	16.9%	5.9%	9.8%	3.3%	5.8%	7.1%	3.4%	2.6%	100%	
50s	38.4%	14.4%	6.1%	12.5%	4.3%	10.2%	7.9%	3.9%	2.3%	100%	
60s	32.2%	13.2%	6.2%	15.2%	5.6%	15.3%	6.7%	3.3%	2.2%	100%	
All	39.2%	16.1%	6.1%	11.8%	4.1%	9.6%	7.2%	3.5%	2.4%	100%	

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

b A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Not all participants are offered this investment option. See Figure 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Not all participants are offered this investment option. See Figure 22.

d GICs are guaranteed investment contracts

#### Appendix Figure A1 Average Asset Allocation of 401(k) Plan Accounts, by Participant Age Percentage of account balances, a 2013 Non-Target-Date GICs<sup>c,d</sup>/Stable-Target-Date Money Equity Balanced Bond Company Funds Funds<sup>b, c</sup> Funds Funds Funds Value Funds Stock<sup>c</sup> Other Unknown Total<sup>a</sup> 31.9% 40.3% 7.1% 5.1% 1.8% 1.9% 5.4% 3.9% 2.5% 100% 44.5% 25.3% 5.9% 6.6% 2.7% 2.9% 6.1% 3.4% 2.3% 100% 48.7% 17.4% 5.6% 7.6% 3.4% 4.0% 7.1% 3.9% 2.1% 100%

7.5%

11.7%

7.0%

7.9%

7.1%

7.3%

4.3%

3.8%

4.0%

1.9%

1.9%

2.0%

100%

100%

100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

5.9%

6.2%

5.9%

4.5%

9 4%

11.6%

9.1%

14.9%

13.8%

16.7%

43 4%

Age Grou

20s

30s

40s

50s

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. Percentages are dollar-weighted averages.

b A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Not all participants are offered this investment option. See Figure 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds.

	Appendix Figure A2		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Par	rticipants and Assets,	by Investment O <sub>l</sub>	otions, 2007
Investment options offered by plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	30,509	6,358,616	\$310,823,661,806
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	19,653	5,869,381	\$300,509,540,037
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	24,182	5,759,232	\$333,096,281,024
Of which: lifecycle a funds an option	17,051	3,779,908	\$221,689,982,920
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	591	2,776,741	\$225,827,360,732
Of which: lifecycle a funds an option	470	1,971,881	\$155,719,177,317
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	950	6,878,491	\$555,395,167,782
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	704	3,512,742	\$263,119,085,324
All	56,232	21,773,080	\$1,425,142,471,345
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	37,878	15,133,912	941,037,785,597
		Percentage of	
Investment options offered by plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	54.3%	29.2%	21.8%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	34.9%	27.0%	21.1%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	43.0%	26.5%	23.4%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	30.3%	17.4%	15.6%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	1.1%	12.8%	15.8%
Of which: lifecycle a funds an option	0.8%	9.1%	10.9%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	1.7%	31.6%	39.0%
Of which: lifecycle a funds an option	1.3%	16.1%	18.5%
All <sup>c</sup>	100%	100%	100%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	67.4%	69.5%	66.0%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an increasingly conservative portfolio as the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name, approaches.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Column percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

	Appendix Figure A2		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Par		by Investment O	ptions, 2008
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	29,101	7,051,309	\$242,732,441,135
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	22,125	5,670,372	\$195,439,653,365
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable-value funds	24,024	5,916,952	\$229,842,664,062
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	17,961	4,308,328	\$166,837,778,808
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	698	3,988,551	\$195,334,039,667
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	514	2,484,549	\$133,050,275,659
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable-value funds	942	7,043,568	\$424,558,594,204
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	729	5,574,912	\$324,730,589,566
All	54,765	24,000,380	\$1,092,467,739,069
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	41,329	18,038,161	820,058,297,397
		Percentage of	
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	53.1%	29.4%	22.2%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	40.4%	23.6%	17.9%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable-value funds	43.9%	24.7%	21.0%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	32.8%	18.0%	15.3%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	1.3%	16.6%	17.9%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	0.9%	10.4%	12.2%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds, and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable-value funds	1.7%	29.3%	38.9%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	1.3%	23.2%	29.7%
All	100%	100%	100%
Of which: lifecycle <sup>a</sup> funds an option	75.5%	75.2%	75.1%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an increasingly conservative portfolio as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

Appendix Figure A2		
	by Investment O	ptions. 2009
Plans	Participants	Assets
27,879	6,276,906	\$298,127,169,373
21,468	4,762,439	\$222,212,047,139
22,404	4,988,736	\$250,001,456,068
17,204	4,059,968	\$201,269,691,433
644	3,223,670	\$192,188,040,515
480	1,940,936	\$127,549,003,835
925	6,254,419	\$470,098,152,981
743	4,762,719	\$350,475,290,163
51,852	20,743,731	1,210,414,818,938
39,895	15,526,062	901,506,032,570
	Percentage of	
Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
53.8%	30.3%	24.6%
41.4%	23.0%	18.4%
43.2%	24.0%	20.7%
33.2%	19.6%	16.6%
1.2%	15.5%	15.9%
0.9%	9.4%	10.5%
1.8%	30.2%	38.8%
1.4%	23.0%	29.0%
100%	100%	100%
76.9%	74.8%	74.5%
	Plans 27,879 21,468  22,404 17,204  644 480  925 743  51,852 39,895  Percentage of plans 53.8% 41.4%  43.2% 33.2%  1.2% 0.9%  1.8% 1.4% 100%	Plans Participants  27,879 6,276,906 21,468 4,762,439  22,404 4,988,736 17,204 4,059,968  644 3,223,670 480 1,940,936  925 6,254,419 743 4,762,719  51,852 20,743,731 39,895 15,526,062  Percentage of plans  53.8% 30.3% 41.4% 23.0%  1.2% 15.5% 0.9% 9.4%  1.8% 30.2% 1.4% 23.0%  100% 100%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI 401(k) Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Column percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

	Appendix Figure A2		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Parti		by Investment O	ptions. 2010
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	40,638	8,177,054	\$405,510,024,541
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	27,216	5,768,753	\$282,888,450,068
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	22,334	6,125,588	\$338,032,949,859
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	16,929	4,628,245	\$248,911,291,062
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	626	3,357,767	\$214,577,115,186
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	431	2,478,555	\$137,410,985,176
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	857	5,780,776	\$456,059,107,209
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	651	3,910,846	\$292,619,888,151
All	64,455	23,441,185	1,414,179,196,794
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	45,227	16,786,399	961,830,614,457
	<del></del>	Percentage of	
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	63.0%	34.9%	28.7%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	42.2%	24.6%	20.0%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	34.7%	26.1%	23.9%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	26.3%	19.7%	17.6%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	1.0%	14.3%	15.2%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	0.7%	10.6%	9.7%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	1.3%	24.7%	32.2%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	1.0%	16.7%	20.7%
All <sup>c</sup>	100%	100%	100%
Of which: target date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	70.2%	71.6%	68.0%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI 401(k) Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Column percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

	Appendix Figure A2		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Part		. by Investment O	ptions. 2011
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	40,918	8,300,549	\$393,851,429,251
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	29380	6,561,073	\$312,226,670,331
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	21,768	6,524,313	\$343,171,066,072
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	15,854	4,421,866	\$239,662,677,661
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	565	3,332,778	\$207,379,938,703
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	465	2,657,116	\$150,996,996,797
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	890	5,825,758	\$470,393,829,973
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	674	3,943,271	\$311,819,194,252
All	64,141	23,983,398	1,414,796,263,998
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	46,373	17,583,326	1,014,705,539,041
		Percentage of	
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	63.8%	34.6%	27.8%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	45.8%	27.4%	22.1%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	33.9%	27.2%	24.3%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	24.7%	18.4%	16.9%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	0.9%	13.9%	14.7%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	0.7%	11.1%	10.7%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	1.4%	24.3%	33.2%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	1.1%	16.4%	22.0%
All <sup>c</sup>	100%	100%	100%
Of which: target date funds <sup>a</sup> an option	72.3%	73.3%	71.7%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI 401(k) Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Column percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

	Appendix Figure A2	by Investment O	ntions 2012
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Part Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	42,165	8,678,685	\$469,802,480,229
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	30,377	6,751,671	\$365,583,775,505
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	21,092	6,629,570	\$378,940,206,085
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	15,345	4,734,948	\$272,426,390,762
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	544	3,493,963	\$229,750,055,920
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	443	2,837,928	\$173,978,568,774
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	818	5,217,610	\$457,059,678,540
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	623	3,444,527	\$302,712,876,492
۹۱۱ <sup>c</sup>	64,619	24,019,828	\$1,535,552,420,774
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	46,788	17,769,074	1,114,701,611,533
		Percentage of	
nvestment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of asset
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	65.3%	36.1%	30.6%
Of which: target-date funds are an option	47.0%	28.1%	23.8%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	32.6%	27.6%	24.7%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	23.7%	19.7%	17.7%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	0.8%	14.5%	15.0%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	0.7%	11.8%	11.3%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	1.3%	21.7%	29.8%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	1.0%	14.3%	19.7%
All°	100%	100%	100%
Of which: target date funds are an option	72.4%	74.0%	72.6%
Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirem	ent Plan Data Collection Project.		
A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become I	ess focused on growth and more	focused on income as it a	approaches
and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included	d in the fund's name.		
GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.			
Components may not add to total because of rounding.	1 7	2.1	
security indicated.			

	Appendix Figure A2		
Distribution of 401(k) Plans, Par	ticipants, and Assets,	by Investment O	ptions, 2013
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Plans	Participants	Assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	51,627	11,387,080	\$675,147,619,313
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	36,869	8,387,647	\$504,871,562,432
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	19,200	5,896,114	\$405,545,092,819
Of which: target-date funds are an option	13,634	4,068,419	\$285,268,935,925
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	1,073	4,841,913	\$362,256,152,200
Of which: target-date funds are an option	760	3,935,742	\$280,237,818,286
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	776	4,296,253	\$469,513,431,701
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	550	2,762,424	\$306,739,812,106
All <sup>c</sup>	72,676	26,421,360	\$1,912,462,296,032
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	51,813	19,154,232	1,377,118,128,750
		Percentage of	
Investment Options Offered by Plan	Percentage of plans	participants	Percentage of assets
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds	71.0%	43.1%	35.3%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	50.7%	31.7%	26.4%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or other stable value funds	26.4%	22.3%	21.2%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	18.8%	15.4%	14.9%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock	1.5%	18.3%	18.9%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	1.0%	14.9%	14.7%
Equity, bond, money, and/or balanced funds,			
and company stock, and GICs <sup>b</sup> and/or			
other stable value funds	1.1%	16.3%	24.6%
Of which: target-date funds <sup>a</sup> are an option	0.8%	10.5%	16.0%
All <sup>c</sup>	100%	100%	100%
All			

security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> GICs are guaranteed investment contracts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Components may not add to total because of rounding.

### Appendix Figure A3

#### **Asset Allocation to Equities Varied**

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2007

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities <sup>a</sup>

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	19.2%	2.4%	3.8%	7.0%	19.1%	48.5%
30s	10.9%	2.5%	3.9%	7.9%	19.9%	54.9%
40s	10.8%	3.4%	4.7%	9.1%	28.4%	43.7%
50s	12.2%	5.0%	6.3%	17.6%	23.8%	35.1%
60s	17.7%	7.1%	9.7%	17.2%	18.1%	30.1%
All	13.2%	3.8%	5.3%	11.2%	23.0%	43.5%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicate

<sup>b</sup> Participants include the 21.8 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2007 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Appendix Figure A3

#### **Asset Allocation to Equities Varies Widely Among Participants**

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balance to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2008

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	11.5%	2.9%	4.2%	7.3%	20.6%	53.5%
30s	10.3%	4.1%	5.4%	9.5%	20.8%	49.9%
40s	10.9%	5.6%	6.5%	10.6%	30.5%	35.8%
50s	13.0%	8.1%	8.4%	20.5%	22.5%	27.4%
60s	18.6%	10.8%	11.8%	18.9%	16.3%	23.6%
All	12.4%	6.1%	7.0%	13.0%	23.4%	38.1%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds.

<sup>b</sup> The analysis includes the 24 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2008 EBRI/ICI database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Appendix Figure A3

#### **Asset Allocation to Equities Varied Widely Among Participants**

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balance to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2009

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities

			3			
Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	13.6%	3.3%	3.6%	6.5%	17.5%	55.3%
30s	10.8%	4.2%	5.3%	9.0%	19.2%	51.5%
40s	11.2%	5.4%	6.4%	10.4%	27.2%	39.4%
50s	13.3%	7.9%	8.6%	18.4%	26.0%	25.9%
60s	18.9%	10.4%	13.0%	20.6%	14.9%	22.2%
All	13.1%	6.1%	7.1%	12.5%	22.3%	38.9%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. "Funds" include mutual

funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>b</sup> Participants include the 20.7 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2009 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Appendix Figure A3

#### Asset Allocation to Equities Varied Widely Among 401(k) Plan Participants

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2010

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities

		1 CIOCINO	ige of Account Do	liance invested i	i Equities	
Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	9.4%	1.7%	2.7%	5.8%	18.1%	62.3%
30s	9.6%	2.8%	4.1%	8.3%	19.9%	55.3%
40s	10.5%	3.9%	5.1%	9.6%	29.0%	41.8%
50s	12.8%	6.0%	7.2%	18.9%	28.3%	26.8%
60s	17.9%	8.1%	12.3%	23.1%	16.3%	22.3%
All	11.8%	4.4%	6.0%	12.5%	23.9%	41.4%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. "Funds" include mutual funds,

bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

Participants include the 23.4 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2010 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Appendix Figure A3

#### Asset Allocation to Equities Varied Widely Among 401(k) Plan Participants

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2011

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities <sup>a</sup>

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	9.4%	1.4%	2.3%	5.2%	16.3%	65.4%
30s	8.8%	2.7%	3.6%	7.6%	18.7%	58.5%
40s	9.4%	3.9%	4.8%	9.1%	29.8%	43.0%
50s	11.4%	6.1%	7.0%	19.9%	29.3%	26.3%
60s	16.2%	8.2%	13.2%	24.8%	15.8%	21.8%
All	10.8%	4.4%	5.9%	12.6%	23.8%	42.5%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. "Funds" include mutual funds, bank

collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated

<sup>b</sup> Participants include the 24.0 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2011 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

#### Appendix Figure A3

#### Asset Allocation to Equities Varied Widely Among 401(k) Plan Participants

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, <sup>a</sup> by age, percentage of participants, <sup>b</sup> 2012

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities a

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80-100%
20s	8.9%	1.2%	2.2%	4.7%	14.9%	68.2%
30s	8.1%	2.4%	3.4%	7.1%	17.7%	61.4%
40s	8.9%	3.5%	4.5%	8.7%	30.6%	43.8%
50s	10.9%	5.6%	6.8%	21.0%	29.6%	26.0%
60s	15.5%	7.6%	14.0%	26.0%	15.5%	21.4%
All	10.2%	4.0%	5.9%	12.9%	23.6%	43.4%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

<sup>a</sup> Equities include equity funds, company stock, and the equity portion of balanced funds. "Funds" include mutual funds, bank

collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security

<sup>b</sup> Participants include the 24.0 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2012 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

## Appendix Figure A3 Asset Allocation to Equities Varied

Asset allocation distribution of 401(k) participant account balances to equities, by age, percentage of participants, 2013

Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Equities<sup>a</sup>

Age Group	Zero	1–20%	>20-40%	>40-60%	>60-80%	>80–100%
20s	9.9%	0.9%	1.6%	3.6%	12.6%	71.4%
30s	8.5%	1.9%	2.6%	5.7%	15.8%	65.5%
40s	8.9%	2.8%	3.6%	7.3%	30.1%	47.3%
50s	10.3%	4.4%	5.5%	20.1%	30.6%	29.1%
60s	14.5%	6.3%	13.0%	25.7%	16.5%	24.0%
All	10.2%	3.3%	4.9%	11.7%	23.0%	46.9%

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

Participants include the 26.4 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2013 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Note: Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

					V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	A Criminal Vibacaa	_				
	As	set Alloca	tion Distrik	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age	1(k) Partic	ipant Acco	۲ unt Balanc	e to Balanc	ed Funds,	by Age	
0				Per	centage of	Percentage of Participants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2007	s, <sup>a,b</sup> 2007	о С С С			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	20.5%	2.0%	2.5%	4.9%	2.7%	2.5%	2.7%	1.7%	1.6%	1.3%	21.7%
30s	%9.09	7.2%	%6.9	%0.9	3.4%	2.8%	2.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%	16.6%
40s	53.1%	7.5%	%6.9	6.3%	3.5%	2.9%	2.5%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	13.5%
20s	54.5%	7.3%	%9.9	6.1%	3.7%	3.1%	2.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.1%	12.3%
809	%8.09	%0.9	5.3%	5.2%	3.3%	2.8%	2.5%	1.3%	1.2%	1.0%	11.3%
¥	53.4%	%6.9	6.4%	2.9%	3.4%	2.8%	2.6%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	14.8%
Age				Percenta	age of Accoun	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Lifecycle Funds <sup>b</sup>	sted in Lifecyc	de Funds <sup>b</sup>			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	%0.07	2.5%	2.6%	2.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.5%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	15.0%
30s	71.4%	3.8%	3.3%	2.9%	1.6%	1.4%	1.3%	%6.0	0.8%	0.8%	11.9%
40s	74.7%	3.9%	3.1%	2.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	9.4%
50s	%9.92	3.8%	2.9%	2.5%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	0.7%	0.7%	%9.0	8.5%
809	80.7%	3.0%	2.3%	1.9%	1.2%	1.1%	%6.0	%9.0	%9.0	0.5%	7.3%
All	74.5%	3.5%	2.9%	2.6%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	10.2%
Age			4	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Lifecycle Balanced Funds	Account Balan	ice Invested in	Non-Lifecycle	Balanced Fun	sp		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	77.7%	4.1%	3.9%	2.9%	1.3%	1.1%	1.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	6.5%
30s	75.5%	2.7%	2.0%	3.8%	1.7%	1.3%	1.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	4.5%
40s	74.8%	2.8%	5.1%	4.2%	2.0%	1.5%	1.3%	%9.0	0.5%	0.4%	3.8%
50s	74.4%	2.6%	2.0%	4.3%	2.3%	1.7%	1.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%	3.6%
809	%0'.77	4.5%	4.0%	3.8%	2.2%	1.7%	1.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%	3.8%
All	%9:52	5.3%	4.8%	3.9%	1.9%	1.5%	1.3%	%9.0	0.5%	0.4%	4.3%
Source:	Tabulations fron	n EBRI/ICI Parti	cipant-Directed F	Source: Tabulations from EBR/I/CI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project	Jata Collection F	Project.					
<sup>a</sup> The ans	alysis includes th	<sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 21.8 million 401	101(k) plan partic.	(k) plan participants in the year-end 2007 EBRI/ICI database.	end 2007 EBRI,	/ICI database.					
<sup>b</sup> Row pe	rcentages may r	<sup>b</sup> Row percentages may not add up to 100 <sub>l</sub>	0 percent becau	percent because of rounding.							
<sup>b</sup> A lifecyo	the fund typically	<sup>b</sup> A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an	an increasingly $lpha$	increasingly conservative portfolio as the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name, approaches.	olio as the target	date of the fund,	which is usually	included in the fu	und's name, app	roaches.	
Note: "Fu	nds" include mu	ıtual funds, bank	k collective trusts	Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated	sparate accounts	s, and any pooled	d investment pro	duct primarily inv	ested in the secu	urity indicated.	
						((more))					

	Δ8	Set Alloca	tion Distrib	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds by Age	Append Altication	Appendix Figure A4	.4 unt Balanc	e to Balanc	Ped Finds	by Age	
Age	<b>{</b>			Percent	Percentage of Participants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2008  Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	Participants	s, <sup>a,b</sup> 2008	ed Funds	5		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	37.8%	4.5%	5.1%	4.8%	3.2%	2.8%	2.9%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	34.3%
30s	46.4%	7.1%	%2'9	%0.9	3.5%	2.8%	2.6%	1.6%	1.4%	1.3%	20.6%
40s	50.3%	7.8%	%2'9	6.2%	3.6%	2.8%	2.5%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%	16.0%
50s	52.3%	8.1%	6.4%	%0.9	3.7%	2.9%	2.5%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%	14.2%
s09	57.4%	7.4%	2.6%	5.4%	3.2%	2.6%	2.3%	1.3%	1.1%	1.1%	12.7%
Ψ	49.2%	7.2%	6.3%	2.8%	3.5%	2.8%	2.5%	1.5%	1.3%	1.2%	18.7%
Age				Percent	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Lifecycle Funds <sup>c</sup>	t Balance Inve	sted in Lifecyo	ole Funds <sup>c</sup>			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	26.3%	2.9%	2.5%	2.4%	1.5%	1.5%	1.7%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	27.7%
30s	65.2%	4.4%	3.3%	2.8%	1.7%	1.6%	1.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	16.4%
40s	70.1%	4.6%	3.1%	2.7%	1.6%	1.4%	1.4%	%6:0	%6:0	%8.0	12.5%
20s	72.8%	4.6%	2.8%	2.4%	1.6%	1.3%	1.2%	0.8%	%8.0	%8.0	10.9%
s09	77.4%	3.6%	2.1%	1.9%	1.3%	1.1%	1.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	9.5%
All	68.7%	4.2%	2.9%	2.5%	1.6%	1.4%	1.4%	%6:0	%6:0	%6:0	14.7%
Age			<b>T</b>	Percentage of A	Account Balan	ce Invested in	Non-Lifecycle	Account Balance Invested in Non-Lifecycle Balanced Funds	spi		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	78.8%	3.3%	3.5%	2.9%	1.7%	1.4%	1.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	6.2%
30s	78.0%	4.8%	4.5%	3.6%	1.7%	1.2%	1.0%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	3.9%
40s	77.2%	2.3%	4.6%	4.0%	2.0%	1.4%	1.1%	%9.0	0.4%	0.3%	3.2%
20s	%9'92	2.5%	4.5%	4.1%	2.2%	1.5%	1.2%	%9.0	0.4%	0.3%	3.1%
s09	77.8%	5.1%	4.1%	3.8%	2.0%	1.5%	1.3%	%9.0	0.4%	0.3%	3.0%
All	%9'.22	4.9%	4.3%	3.7%	1.9%	1.4%	1.1%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	3.7%
Source: T	abulations from	n EBRI/ICI Parti	cipant-Directed F	Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.	Data Collection F	roject.					

The analysis includes the 24.0 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2008 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding.

A lifecycle fund typically rebalances to an increasingly conservative portfolio as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name. Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

	As	set Alloca	tion Distrib	ution of 40	Append Append	Appendix Figure A4  Participant Accou	4 unt Balanc	Appendix Figure A4 Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age	ed Funds,	by Age	
Age				Percer Percent	itage of 401 age of Accoun	Percentage of 401(k) Participants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2009 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	ants, <sup>a,b</sup> 200	9 sed Funds		1	
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	21–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	39.5%	4.4%	3.9%	3.5%	2.2%	2.2%	3.1%	1.7%	1.7%	1.6%	36.1%
30s	46.4%	%8.9	5.8%	5.1%	3.1%	2.6%	2.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.5%	22.7%
40s	20.5%	%9'.	%0.9	5.4%	3.3%	2.7%	2.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.3%	17.5%
50s	53.1%	7.7%	5.8%	5.4%	3.4%	2.7%	2.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%	15.3%
s09	29.0%	%8.9	4.7%	4.5%	2.9%	2.5%	2.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%	13.8%
Ψ	20.0%	%6.9	2.5%	4.9%	3.1%	2.6%	2.6%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	20.1%
Age				Percentag	ge of Account	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-date Funds <sup>c</sup>	ted in Target-	date Funds <sup>c</sup>			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	23.6%	2.8%	2.4%	2.2%	1.5%	1.5%	2.5%	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	29.5%
30s	61.7%	4.4%	3.2%	2.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.9%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%	18.6%
40s	%6.99	4.8%	3.1%	2.7%	1.8%	1.6%	1.6%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	14.3%
20s	%0.07	4.9%	2.9%	2.5%	1.7%	1.5%	1.4%	%6:0	1.0%	1.0%	12.3%
s09	74.7%	4.1%	2.2%	2.0%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.8%	%8.0	10.9%
All	82.8%	4.4%	2.9%	2.5%	1.7%	1.5%	1.7%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	16.3%
Age			P€	ercentage of A	scount Balanc	e Invested in N	งon-Target-da	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-date Balanced Funds	spur		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	83.3%	3.4%	2.4%	1.7%	%8.0	%9'0	%9:0	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	6.1%
30s	81.4%	4.7%	3.6%	2.7%	1.2%	%6:0	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	3.7%
40s	%9.08	4.9%	3.8%	3.1%	1.5%	1.1%	%6:0	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	2.9%
20s	80.2%	4.9%	3.8%	3.2%	1.7%	1.2%	1.0%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	2.7%
s09	82.0%	4.3%	3.2%	2.8%	1.6%	1.2%	1.0%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	2.6%
₩	81.3%	4.6%	3.5%	2.8%	1.4%	1.0%	%6:0	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	3.4%
Source. T	Source: Tabulations from EBBI/ICI Barticing	CBBI/ICI Darti	cipant-Directed E	toisse destinated Betiness and and and anion betiness	Tata Collection E	Proince					

Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in

the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 20.7 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2009 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Row percentages may not add up to 100 percent because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the et date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

Age				Pe Percent	Percentage of Participants, <sup>a,b</sup> 2010 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	Participants t Balance Inve	s, <sup>a,b</sup> 2010 sted in Baland	sed Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	33.2%	3.8%	3.2%	2.9%	1.9%	2.0%	2.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	45.4%
30s	43.1%	%0.9	5.1%	4.4%	2.7%	2.4%	2.5%	1.7%	1.9%	1.9%	28.2%
40s	48.1%	%8.9	2.5%	4.8%	3.0%	2.5%	2.4%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%	21.9%
<b>20s</b>	20.7%	%6.9	2.3%	4.9%	3.1%	2.6%	2.4%	1.5%	1.7%	1.6%	19.3%
s09	54.4%	6.3%	4.4%	4.2%	2.8%	2.4%	2.2%	1.4%	1.6%	1.5%	18.6%
All	46.6%	6.2%	4.9%	4.4%	2.8%	2.4%	2.4%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%	25.2%
Age				Percenta	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-date Funds	Balance Inves	ted in Target-	date Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	47.8%	2.1%	1.9%	1.8%	1.3%	1.5%	2.2%	1.1%	1.2%	1.5%	37.5%
30s	28.6%	3.7%	2.8%	2.5%	1.7%	1.6%	1.8%	1.3%	1.5%	1.6%	22.9%
40s	64.1%	4.1%	2.9%	2.5%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	17.7%
50s	%0'.29	4.2%	2.7%	2.4%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.0%	1.3%	1.3%	15.5%
e0s	70.2%	3.7%	2.2%	2.0%	1.4%	1.3%	1.3%	%6:0	1.2%	1.2%	14.5%
All	62.4%	3.7%	2.6%	2.3%	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	20.4%
Age			Ğ	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-date Balanced Funds	ccount Balance	e Invested in N	Jon-Target-dat	te Balanced Fu	spur		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	21–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	83.1%	3.2%	2.0%	1.4%	%2'0	0.5%	%9'0	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	7.5%
30s	81.4%	4.4%	3.2%	2.3%	1.1%	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	4.9%
40s	81.1%	4.6%	3.5%	2.7%	1.4%	1.0%	%8.0	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	3.9%
20s	80.8%	4.6%	3.5%	2.9%	1.6%	1.1%	%6:0	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	3.5%
s09	81.9%	4.1%	2.9%	2.6%	1.5%	1.1%	%6.0	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	3.9%
All	81.5%	4.3%	3.1%	2.5%	1.3%	%6:0	0.8%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	4.5%
ource: Ta	abulations from	Source: Tabulations from EBRVICI Participar and The analysis includes the 23.4 million 404(k)	icipant-Directed F	Source: Tabulations from EBRVICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.  * The analysis includes the 23.4 million 404(k) plan participants in the year-and 2040 EBRVICI 404(k) detabases.	Data Collection P	Project.	000				
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Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

					Append	Appendix Figure A4	4				
	As	set Alloca	tion Distrib	ution of 40	1(k) Partic	ipant Acco	unt Balanc	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age	ed Funds,	by Age	
Age				Per Percent	rcentage of	Percentage of Participants, a,b 2011 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	s, <sup>a,b</sup> 2011 ssted in Baland	sed Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	30.8%	2.8%	2.6%	2.5%	1.7%	1.9%	2.9%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	20.3%
30s	39.6%	5.1%	4.5%	4.1%	2.7%	2.4%	2.6%	1.8%	1.9%	2.1%	33.2%
40s	45.0%	6.2%	2.0%	4.7%	3.0%	2.5%	2.6%	1.7%	1.8%	1.9%	25.6%
50s	47.6%	%9.9	2.0%	4.8%	3.1%	2.6%	2.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	22.5%
809	51.3%	6.1%	4.2%	4.2%	2.8%	2.4%	2.4%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	21.7%
¥	43.6%	2.6%	4.5%	4.2%	2.7%	2.4%	2.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	29.1%
Age				Percenta	ge of Account	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-date Funds	sted in Target-	date Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	43.7%	1.8%	1.6%	1.7%	1.2%	1.5%	2.4%	1.3%	1.2%	1.2%	42.4%
30s	23.6%	3.4%	2.8%	2.5%	1.7%	1.7%	2.0%	1.4%	1.6%	1.8%	27.5%
40s	29.5%	4.2%	3.0%	2.7%	1.8%	1.7%	1.8%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	21.1%
50s	62.4%	4.4%	2.9%	2.6%	1.8%	1.7%	1.7%	1.2%	1.3%	1.5%	18.5%
s09	%8.59	4.0%	2.4%	2.2%	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%	1.0%	1.2%	1.4%	17.5%
¥	27.9%	3.7%	2.6%	2.4%	1.7%	1.6%	1.8%	1.2%	1.4%	1.5%	24.0%
Age			P€	ercentage of A	scount Balance	e Invested in N	Von-Target-dat	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-date Balanced Funds	spui		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	85.3%	2.2%	1.6%	1.2%	%9:0	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	7.4%
30s	82.9%	3.7%	2.7%	2.1%	1.0%	0.7%	%9.0	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	5.2%
40s	82.3%	4.1%	3.1%	2.5%	1.2%	0.8%	%2.0	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	4.2%
50s	82.1%	4.2%	3.1%	2.7%	1.4%	1.0%	%6.0	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	3.6%
s09	83.0%	3.7%	2.6%	2.5%	1.4%	1.0%	%6.0	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	3.9%
All	82.9%	3.7%	2.7%	2.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	4.7%
F .00	Source: Tabulations from EBBI/ICI Barticies	LEDDIVICIONAL	Potopia tagaio	to ind mitted to the most of the months of between the	ما مونئومالم مئور	Juni out					

Source: Tabulations from EBRVICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 24.0 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2011 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

					Δηραμο	Annandiy Figura 44	4				
	As	set Alloca	tion Distrib	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age	1(k) Partici	ipant Accou	unt Balanc	e to Balanc	ed Funds,	by Age	
Age				Per Percent	reentage of	Percentage of Participants, a.b 2012 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	s, <sup>a,b</sup> 2012 sted in Balanc	sed Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	21–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	30.4%	2.4%	2.6%	2.1%	1.5%	1.5%	2.6%	1.4%	1.3%	1.3%	52.8%
30s	38.1%	4.5%	4.3%	3.7%	2.5%	2.2%	2.5%	1.7%	1.9%	2.1%	36.5%
40s	43.6%	2.8%	4.9%	4.4%	2.8%	2.4%	2.4%	1.7%	1.8%	1.9%	28.2%
50s	46.5%	6.2%	4.8%	4.5%	3.0%	2.5%	2.4%	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	24.7%
809	20.0%	2.8%	4.2%	4.1%	2.7%	2.4%	2.3%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	23.8%
All	42.5%	5.2%	4.4%	3.9%	2.6%	2.3%	2.4%	1.6%	1.7%	1.8%	31.6%
Age				Percentaç	ge of Account	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-Date Funds	ted in Target-I	Date Funds			
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	42.1%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	2.2%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	45.9%
30s	20.7%	3.1%	2.5%	2.4%	1.7%	1.6%	1.9%	1.4%	1.6%	1.8%	31.2%
40s	26.9%	4.0%	2.9%	2.6%	1.8%	1.7%	1.8%	1.4%	1.5%	1.6%	23.9%
50s	29.9%	4.3%	2.9%	2.6%	1.8%	1.7%	1.7%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	20.9%
809	%9.69	3.8%	2.4%	2.3%	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%	1.1%	1.2%	1.4%	19.6%
All	55.5%	3.5%	2.6%	2.4%	1.7%	1.6%	1.8%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	26.8%
Age			Pe	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-Date Balanced Funds	count Balance	Invested in N	Ion-Target-Dat	e Balanced Fu	spur		
Group	Zero	1–10%	11–20%	21–30%	31–40%	41–50%	51–60%	61–70%	71–80%	81–90%	91–100%
20s	%9.98	1.9%	1.8%	1.0%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	6.5%
30s	84.4%	3.3%	2.7%	1.8%	%6:0	%9.0	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	4.7%
40s	83.5%	3.8%	3.0%	2.2%	1.1%	0.8%	%9.0	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	4.0%
20s	83.4%	3.9%	3.0%	2.5%	1.3%	%6:0	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	3.4%
s09	83.8%	3.5%	2.6%	2.3%	1.3%	%6.0	0.8%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	3.8%
Η	84.1%	3.5%	2.7%	2.0%	1.1%	0.7%	%9.0	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	4.3%
Source:	Tabulations from	η EBRI/ICI Parti	cipant-Directed F	Source: Tabulations from EBRVICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.	lata Collection P	roject.					

iource: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project.

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The analysis includes the 24.0 million 401(k) plan participants in the year-end 2012 EBRI/ICI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.

					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	A Criminal Viloudad					
	As	set Alloca	tion Distrib	Asset Allocation Distribution of 401(k) Participant Account Balance to Balanced Funds, by Age	7/k) Partici	ipant Accou	դ ınt Balance	e to Balanc	ed Funds,	by Age	
				Per Percentage of	centage of Account Bala	Percentage of participants, and 2013 Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Balanced Funds	, <sup>a, b</sup> 2013 n Balanced Fur	spu			
Age Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30-40%	>40–50%	>20–60%	%02-09<	>70-80%	%06-08<	>90–100%
20s	31.8%	2.3%	2.2%	2.0%	1.4%	1.5%	2.1%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%	53.2%
30s	38.2	4.5	3.9	3.4	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.9	38.3
40s	43.5	5.8	4.7	4.0	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.8	29.8
20s	46.2	6.2	4.8	4.3	2.8	2.5	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.7	26.2
s09	49.6	5.8	4.3	3.8	2.6	2.4	2.0	4.1	1.5	1.6	25.1
All	42.5	5.1	4.1	3.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.7	33.1
				Percentage of	Account Bala	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Target-date Funds <sup>c</sup>	າ Target-date ŀ	=unds <sup>c</sup>			
Age											
Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30–40%	>40–50%	>20-60%	%0Z-09<	>70–80%	>80-90%	>90-100%
20s	41.0%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	1.9%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%	47.3%
30s	49.4%	3.1%	2.5%	2.2%	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	1.3%	1.4%	1.7%	33.5%
40s	29.5%	3.9%	2.9%	2.5%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	25.4%
20s	29.3%	4.2%	2.9%	2.5%	1.8%	1.6%	1.5%	1.2%	1.3%	1.5%	22.3%
s09	62.8%	3.8%	2.5%	2.2%	1.6%	1.5%	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%	1.3%	20.8%
All	All 54.6%	3.5%	2.6%	2.2%	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%	1.2%	1.3%	1.4% 28.5%	28.5%
				Percentage of	Account Bala	Percentage of Account Balance Invested in Non-Target-date Balanced Funds	ר Non–Target ו	date Balanced			
Age											
Group	Zero	1–10%	>10–20%	>20–30%	>30–40%	>40–50%	>20-09%	%0L-09<	>20-80%	>80-90%	>90-100%
20s	89.5%	1.6%	1.1%	0.8%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%	5.4%
30s	86.4%	3.1%	2.1%	1.5%	0.7%	%9.0	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	4.4%
40s	84.5%	3.7%	2.7%	2.0%	1.0%	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	4.0%
20s	84.0%	3.8%	2.9%	2.2%	1.2%	0.8%	%9:0	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	3.6%
s09	84.3%	3.4%	7.6%	2.1%	1.2%	%6.0	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	3.8%
All	85.4%	3.3%	2.4%	1.8%	%6.0	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	4.2%
Source: Ta	bulations from	EBRI/ICI Partic	Source: Tabulations from EBRI/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project	etirement Plan D.	ata Collection Pr	roiect					

Note: "Funds" include mutual funds, bank collective trusts, life insurance separate accounts, and any pooled investment product primarily invested in the security indicated.

iource: Tabulations from EBK/I/ICI Participant-Directed Retirement Plan Data Collection Project. The analysis includes the 26.4 million participants in the year-end 2013 EBR/I/CI 401(k) database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Row percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.
<sup>c</sup> A target-date fund typically rebalances its portfolio to become less focused on growth and more focused on income as it approaches and passes the target date of the fund, which is usually included in the fund's name.



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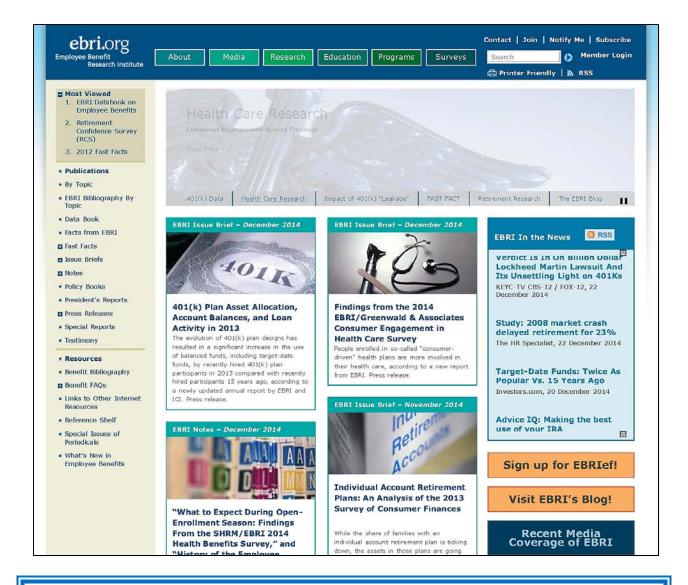
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