HIP’s primary goal is to teach, and hold participants responsible for, trying to do all they should and can do to help providers address the many of the root causes of appropriately avoidable costs, healthcare quality and medical errors. While HIP targets health improvement, prevention and early detection, it is not a conventional, HIPAA sanctioned “bona fide wellness plan”. Unlike other plan based and health improvement initiatives adopted by most plan sponsors, HIP places great emphasis on participants’ engagement in problem diagnosis and healthcare decision making and coordination.

Misdiagnosis is the main driver of medical malpractice claims.

The role of patients-diagnosis
- [http://www.physicianspractice.com/compliance/content/article/1462168/1645579](http://www.physicianspractice.com/compliance/content/article/1462168/1645579)

Doctor/Patient communications
- [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1113402/](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1113402/)

Overuse of healthcare

Misuse of healthcare
- [http://www.businessweek.com/magazine/content/06_22/b3986001.htm](http://www.businessweek.com/magazine/content/06_22/b3986001.htm)

Patient engagement in their healthcare
- [http://cfah.org/activities/snapshot.cfm](http://cfah.org/activities/snapshot.cfm)
- [http://participatorymedicine.org/](http://participatorymedicine.org/) especially the white paper referenced on the home page
- [http://content.healthaffairs.org/cgi/content/full/28/4/w555 Berwick](http://content.healthaffairs.org/cgi/content/full/28/4/w555)

Comparative Effectiveness

Council 31-Modern Healthcare
- [http://www.modernhealthcare.com/article/20100510/INFO/100509942](http://www.modernhealthcare.com/article/20100510/INFO/100509942)