“Traditional” Pension Assets Lost Dominance a Decade Ago, IRAs and 401(k)s Have Long Been Dominant

WASHINGTON—Where are bulk of private-sector retirement assets held in the United States? By a substantial margin—and for many years—individual retirement accounts (IRAs) have held more funds than any other financial vehicle, followed by defined contribution plans (primarily 401(k) plans).

So-called “traditional” defined benefit pension plans were displaced a decade ago by defined contribution plans in terms of assets held. The most recent data from the nonpartisan Employee Benefit Research Institute (EBRI) show that about 58% of private-sector retirement assets currently are held in defined contribution (DC) plans, compared with 42% in “traditional” defined benefit (DB) pensions. In fact, as data from EBRI show, assets held in DC plans first surpassed DB pension assets in 1997—almost 10 years ago. Data from the Federal Reserve and EBRI show that IRAs became dominant in 1998.

As research by EBRI and others has documented, the forces behind these trends involve a move away from defined benefit pensions by employers and a corresponding shift to defined contribution plans (principally the 401(k) plan). The sharp growth in IRAs has been driven by the rollover of assets by workers and retirees from other tax-qualified plans (such as pensions and 401(k)s) to IRAs upon job change or retirement.